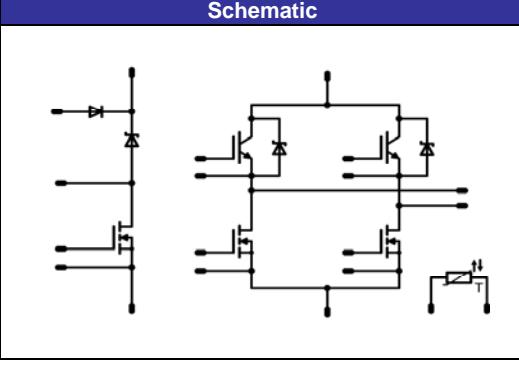


flowSOL 0 BI		600V/35A
<p>Features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High efficiency • Ultra fast switching frequency • Low inductive design • SiC in boost and H bridge 		
<p>Target Applications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transformerless solar inverters 		
<p>Types</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • FZ06BIA045FH 		

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Bypass FWD				
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V _{RRM}		600	V
Forward current per FWD	I _{FAV}	DC current T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	36 49	A
Surge forward current	I _{FSM}	t _p =10ms T _j =25°C	370	A
I _{2t} -value	I ² t		360	A ² s
Power dissipation per FWD	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	42 63	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Input Boost MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}		600	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	30 37	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	t _p limited by T _j max	230	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	92 139	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{GS}		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit

Input Boost FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _j =25°C	600	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	19 23	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p limited by T _j max	70	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	41 62	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

Buck FWD

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V _{RRM}	T _j =25°C	600	V
DC forward current	I _F	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	10 15	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I _{FRM}	t _p limited by T _j max	35	A
Power dissipation per FWD	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	29 44	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

Buck MOSFET

Drain to source breakdown voltage	V _{DS}		600	V
DC drain current	I _D	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	30 37	A
Pulsed drain current	I _{Dpulse}	t _p limited by T _j max	230	A
Power dissipation	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	94 142	W
Gate-source peak voltage	V _{gs}		±20	V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		150	°C

Boost IGBT

Collector-emitter break down voltage	V _{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I _C	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	40 40	A
Repetitive peak collector current	I _{Cpuls}	t _p limited by T _j max	150	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P _{tot}	T _j =T _j max T _h =80°C T _c =80°C	86 131	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V _{GE}		±20	V
Short circuit ratings	t _{sc} V _{CC}	T _j ≤150°C V _{GE} =15V	6 360	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T _j max		175	°C

Maximum Ratings

T_j=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
-----------	--------	-----------	-------	------

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-40...+125	°C
Operation temperature under switching condition	T _{op}		-40...+(T _{jmax} - 25)	°C

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V _{is}	t=2s	DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance				min 12,7	mm
Clearance				min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_J	Min	Typ	Max	
Bypass FWD										
Forward voltage	solar inverte				15	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$	0,7	1,01 0,93	1,3	V
Threshold voltage (for power loss calc. only)	V_{to}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,86 0,75		V
Slope resistance (for power loss calc. only)	r_t					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,01 0,01		Ω
Reverse current	I_r			1200		$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$			0,05	mA
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,68		K/W
Input Boost MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$		10		44	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,04 0,09		Ω
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	$V_{GS}=V_{DS}$			0,003	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$	2,1	3	3,9	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{gss}		20	0		$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$			200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{dss}		0	600		$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$			25000	nA
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	10	400	15	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		28 27		ns
Rise Time	t_r					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		5 6		
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(OFF)}$					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		154 167		
Fall time	t_f					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		10 9		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,063 0,072		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,025 0,025		
Total gate charge	Q_g	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	10	400	44	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		150	190	nC
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		34		
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		51		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	100		$T_J=25^\circ C$		6800		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							320		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							48		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						0,76		K/W
Input Boost FWD										
Forward voltage	V_F				16	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$	1	1,54 1,71	1,8	V
Reverse leakage current	I_{rm}		10	400	15	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$			400	μA
Peak recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	10	400	15	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		16,63 14,68		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		9,3 10,4		ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		0,058 0,064		μC
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		0,005 0,006		mWs
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$d(i_{rec})/\max dt$					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		4244 2752		$A/\mu s$
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50um $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						2,34		K/W

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_T [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_C [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_J	Min	Typ	Max	
Buck FWD										
FWD forward voltage	V_F				8	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$	1	1,52 1,64	1,8	V
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	10	400	15	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		14 12		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		7,8 8,8		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		0,05 0,05		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		4078 3373		$A/\mu s$
Reverse recovered energy	E_{rec}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=150^\circ C$		0,008 0,007		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}								3,28	K/W
Buck MOSFET										
Static drain to source ON resistance	$R_{ds(on)}$		10		44	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		45 89		$m\Omega$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$			$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$	0,003	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$	2,1	3	3,9	V
Gate to Source Leakage Current	I_{gss}		20	0		$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$			200	nA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	I_{dss}		0	600		$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$			25000	nA
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(ON)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	10	400	15	$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		31 30		ns
Rise Time	t_r					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		5,4 6		
Turn off delay time	$t_{d(OFF)}$					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		147 158		
Fall time	t_f					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		13,7 10,3		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,063 0,067		mWs
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}					$T_J=25^\circ C$ $T_J=125^\circ C$		0,021 0,028		
Total gate charge	Q_g							150 190		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}		10	400	44	$T_J=25^\circ C$		34		nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}							51		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}							6800		
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1MHz$	0	100		$T_J=25^\circ C$		320		pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							48		
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}			0,75			K/W			

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions					Value			Unit
			V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max	
Boost IGBT										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0008	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		50	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		1,18 1,21		V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl FWD	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			0,2	mA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			650	nA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		3140		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}							200		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							93		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}		15	480	50	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		310		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	R_{thJH}	Thermal grease thickness≤50μm $\lambda = 1 \text{ W/mK}$						1,10		kW

Note: For the **Boost IGBT** only LF switching allowed

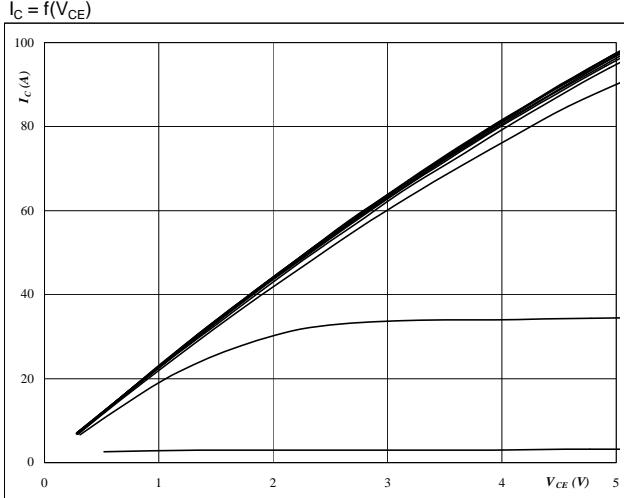
Thermistor

Rated resistance*	R_{25}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	17,5	22	29,0	kΩ
	R_{100}	Tol. ±5%						1486		Ω
Power dissipation	P					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		210		mW
B-value	$B_{(25/100)}$	Tol. ±3%				$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		4000		K

* see details on **Thermistor** charts on **Figure 2.**

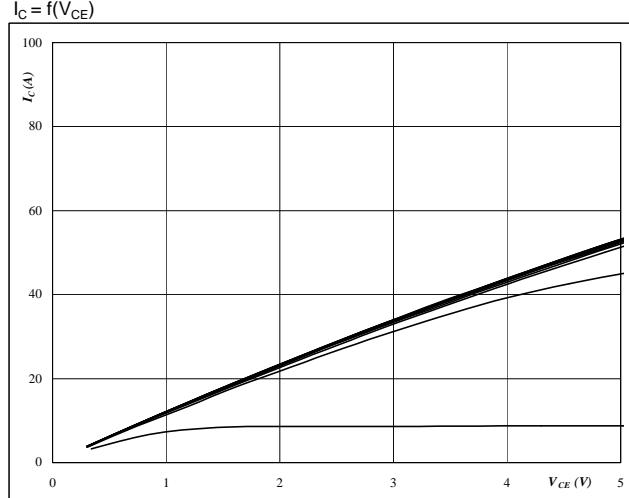
Buck

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



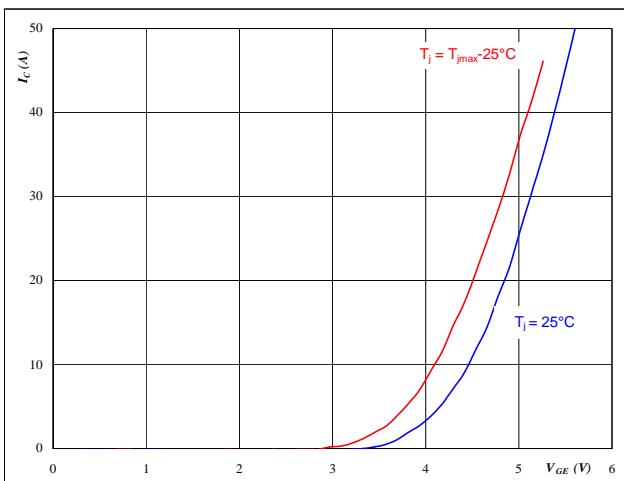
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{CE})$



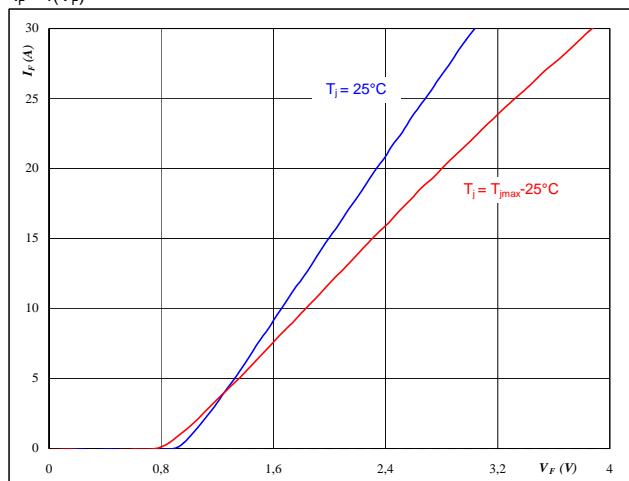
At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 125 ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics
 $I_C = f(V_{GE})$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$

Figure 4
Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage
 $I_F = f(V_F)$



At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

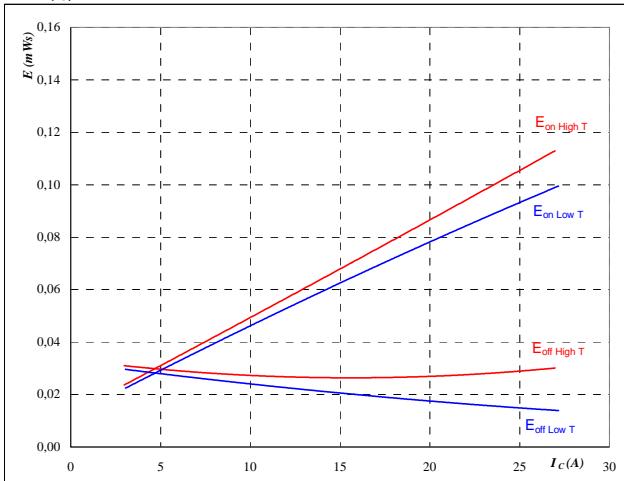
Buck

Figure 5

MOSFET

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

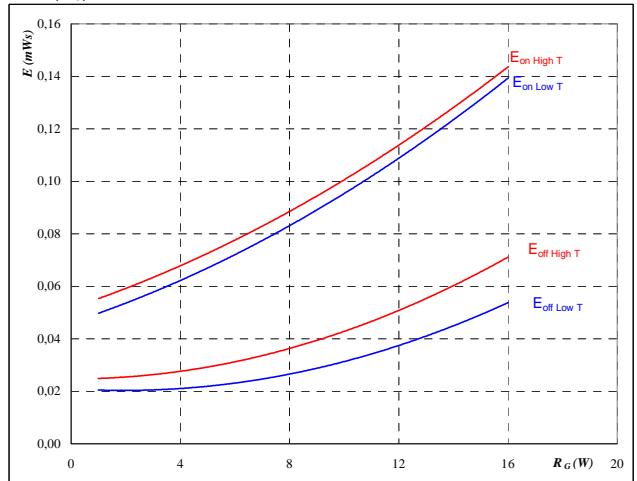
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 6

MOSFET

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

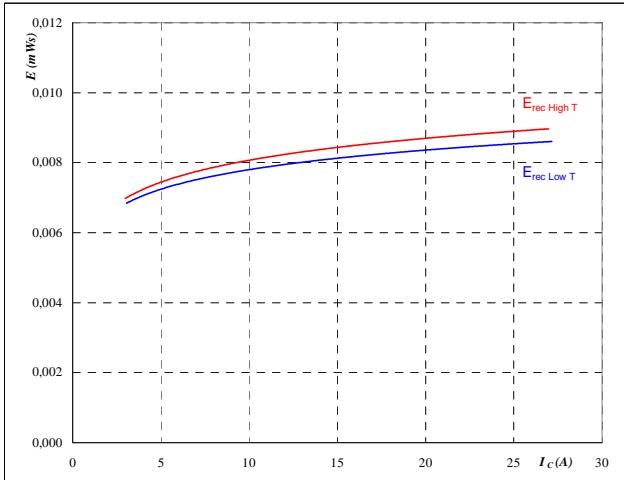
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 7

FRED

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



With an inductive load at

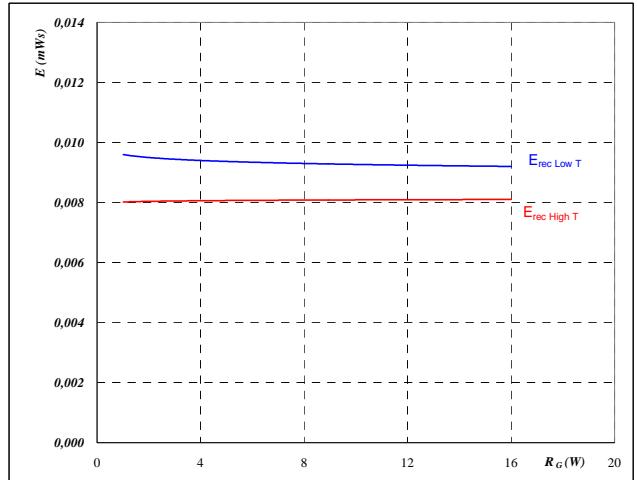
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 8

FRED

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

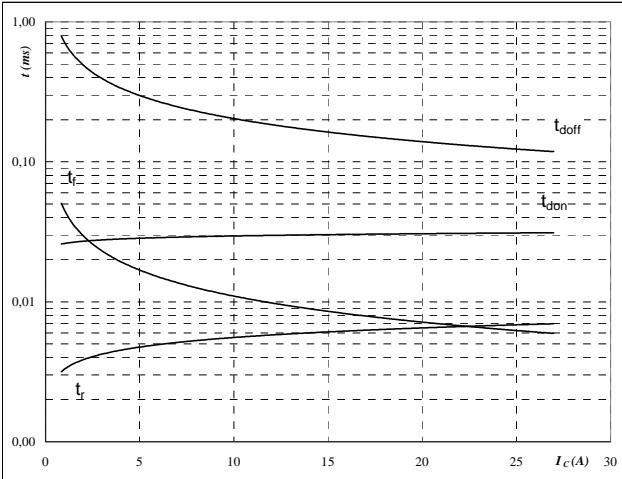
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Buck

Figure 9

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



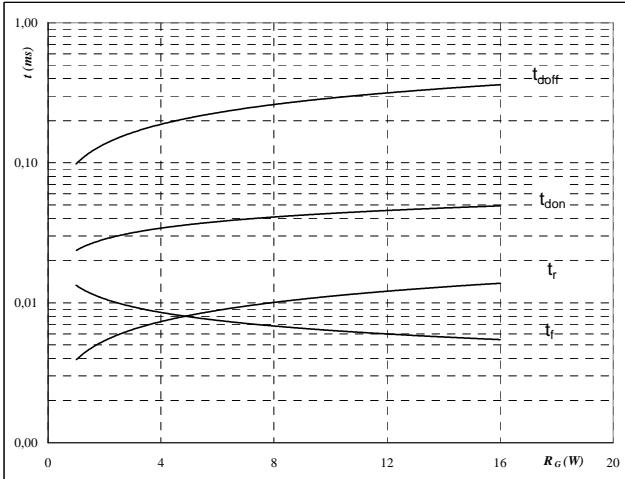
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

MOSFET
Figure 10

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



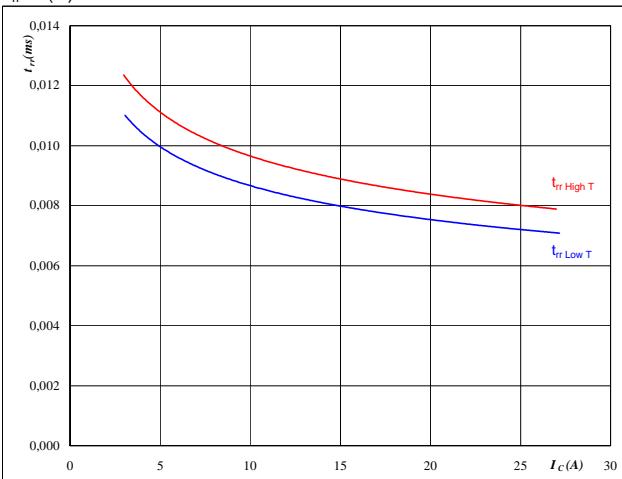
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_C &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 11
FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



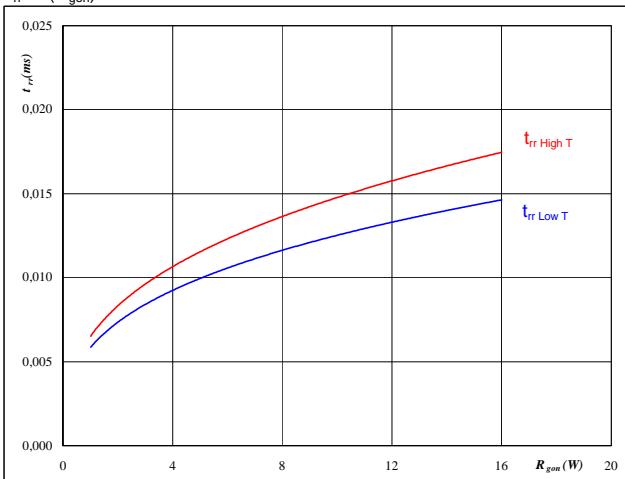
At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

Figure 12
FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

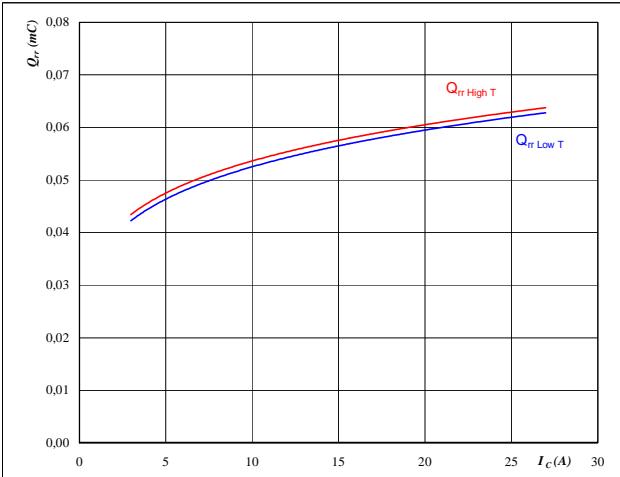
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 15 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

Buck

Figure 13

FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current
 $Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$

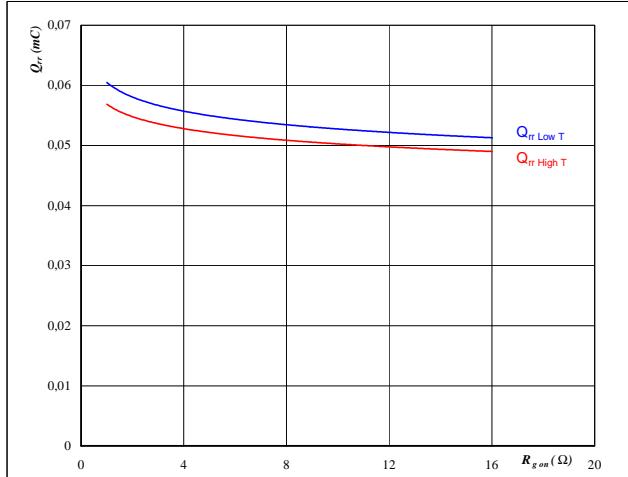
**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 14

FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$

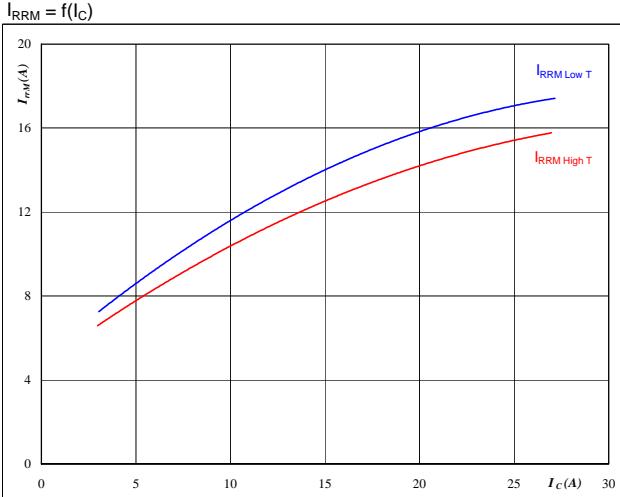
**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 15

FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current
 $I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$

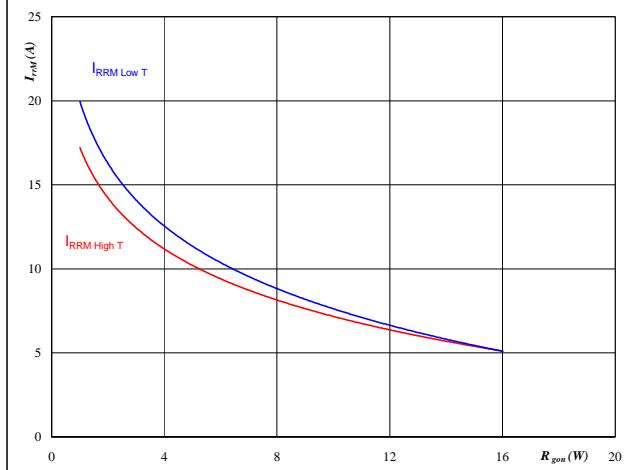
**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 16

FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$

**At**

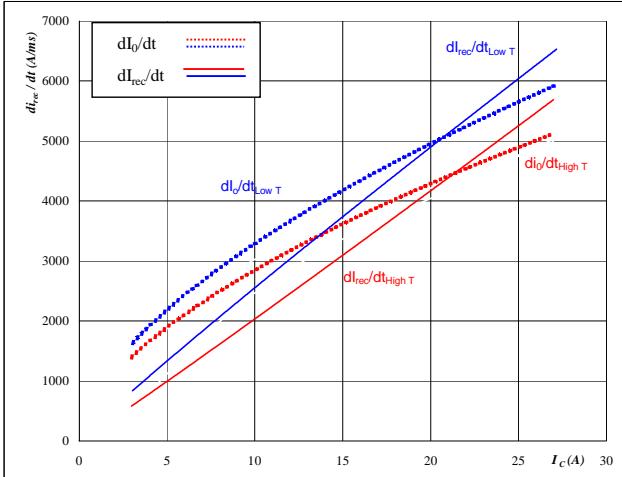
$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Buck

Figure 17

FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$

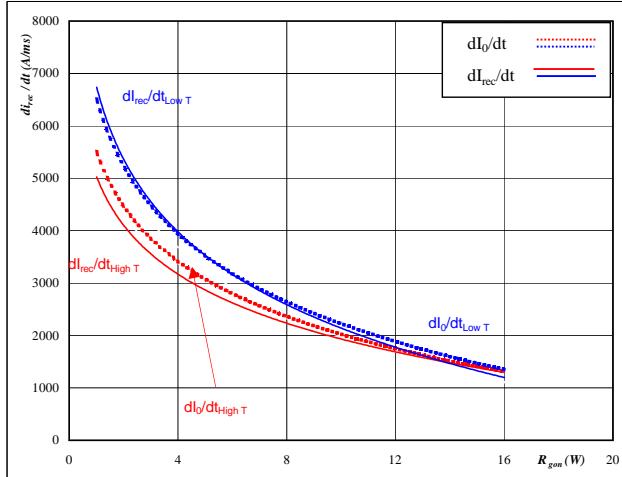
**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 18

FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

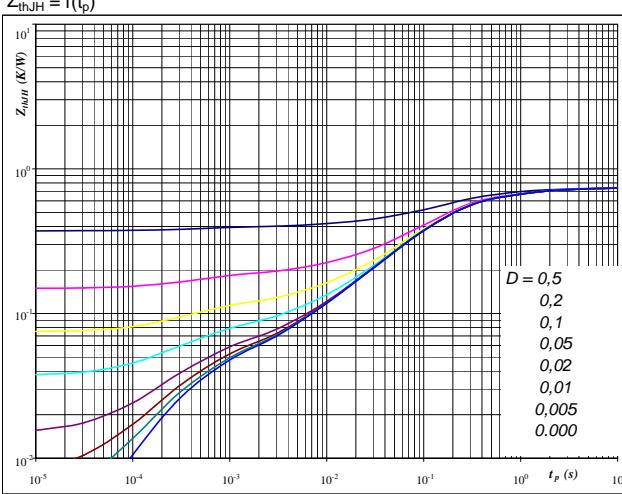
**At**

$T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 19

MOSFET

IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

**At**

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0.75 \text{ K/W}$

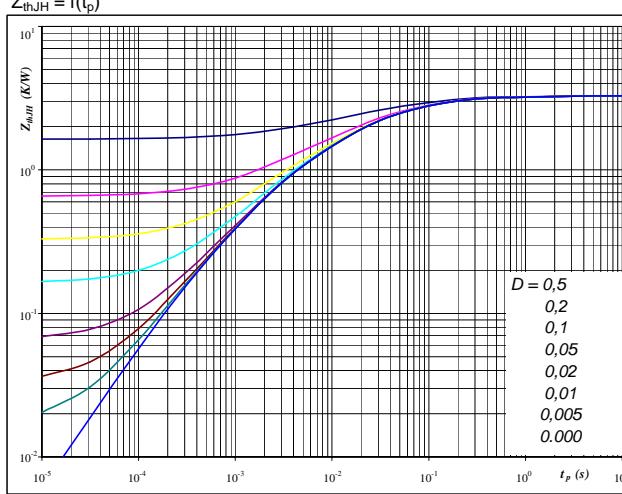
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,03	9,3E+00
0,12	1,2E+00
0,41	1,6E-01
0,11	3,8E-02
0,03	5,2E-03
0,04	3,7E-04

Figure 20

FRED

FRED transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width
 $Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$

**At**

$D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 3,28 \text{ K/W}$

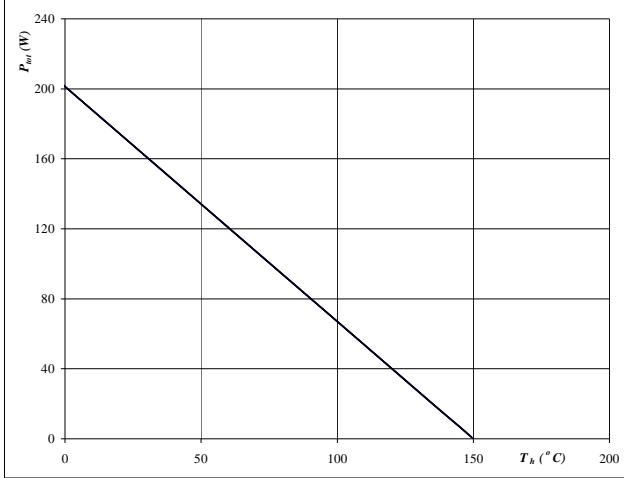
FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,17	9,7E-01
1,04	8,5E-02
1,34	1,6E-02
0,65	2,5E-03
0,08	3,2E-04

Buck

Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

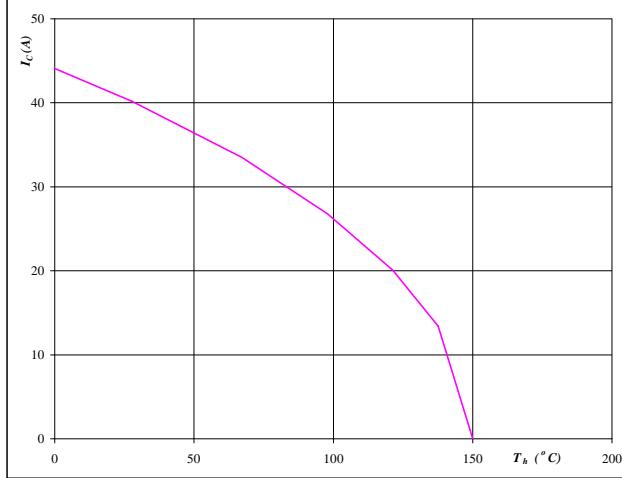


At
T_j = 150 °C

MOSFET

Figure 22
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

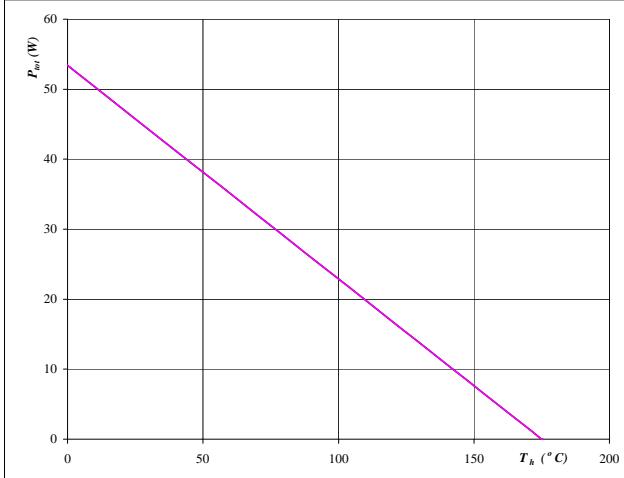


At
T_j = 150 °C
V_{GE} = 15 V

MOSFET

Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

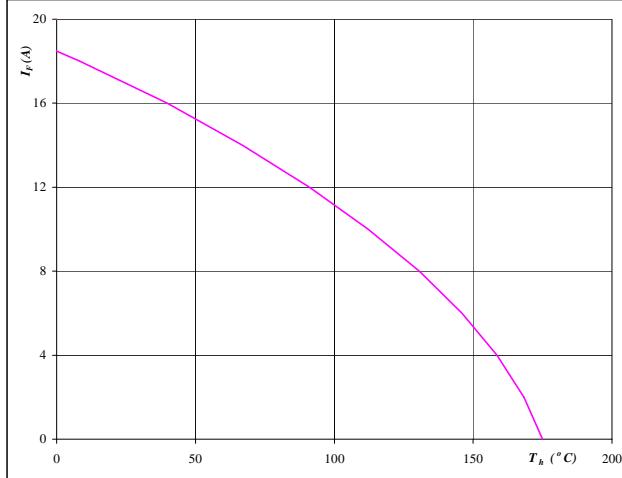


At
T_j = 175 °C

FRED

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$



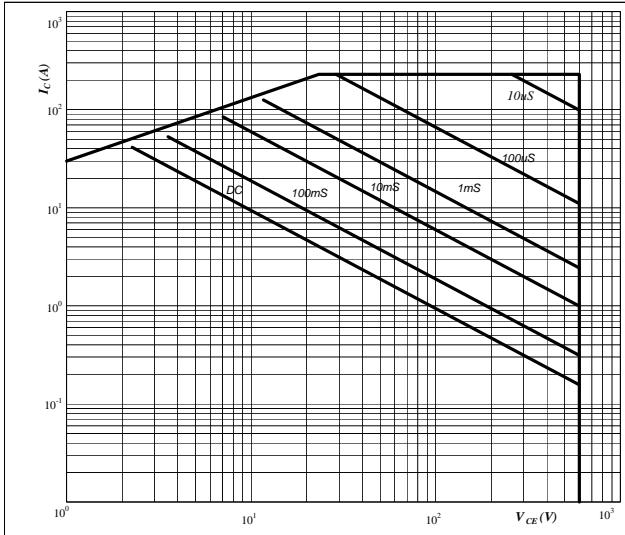
At
T_j = 175 °C

FRED

Buck

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of collector-emitter voltage**

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$



At

D = single pulse

Th = 80 °C

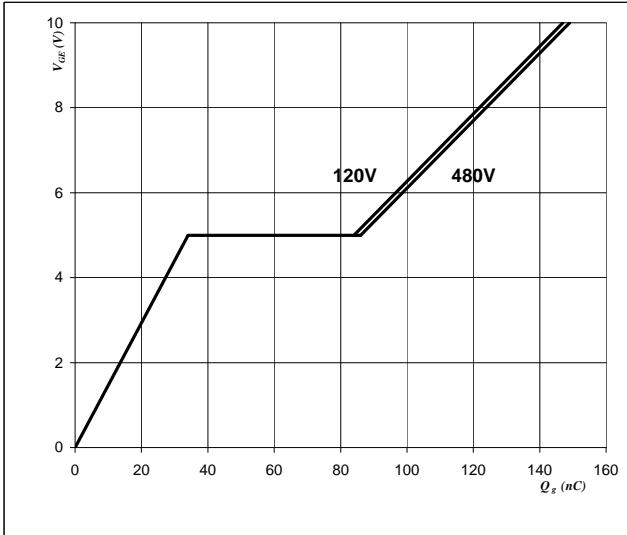
V_{GE} = 15 V

T_j = T_{jmax} °C

MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$



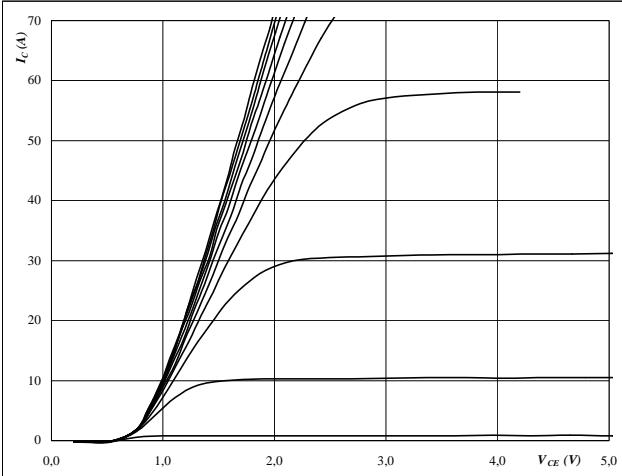
At

I_C = 44 A

Boost

Figure 1
Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

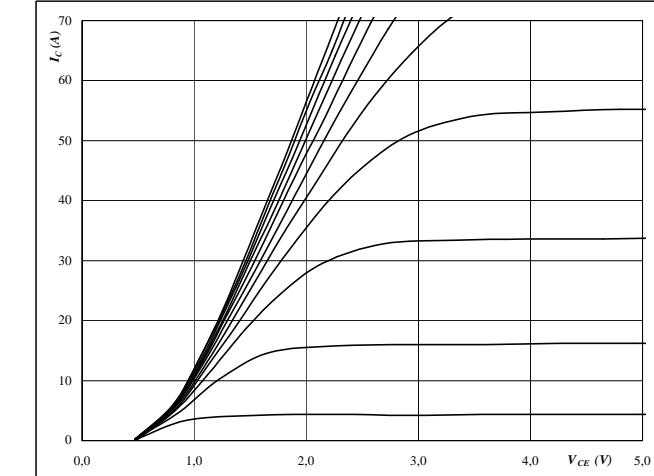
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
Typical output characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$


At

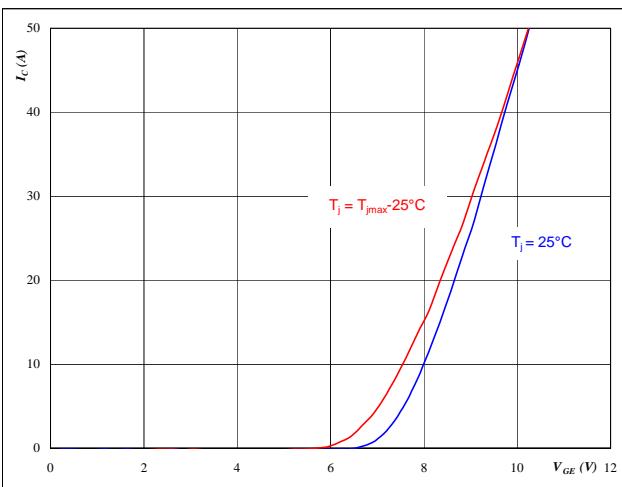
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_C = f(V_{GE})$$

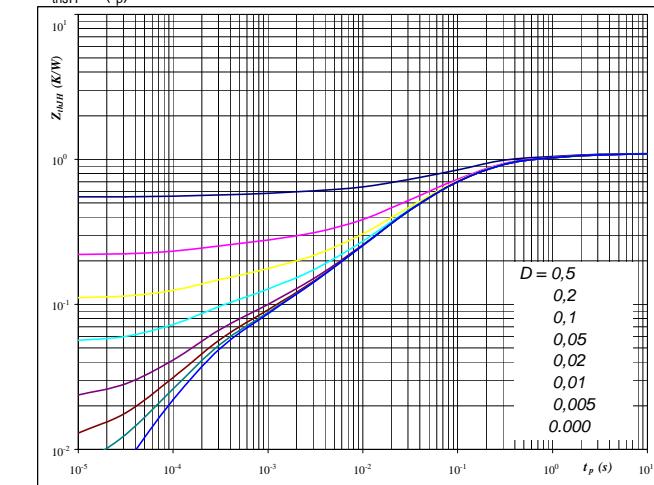

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$$

Figure 4
IGBT transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

$$D = t_p / T$$

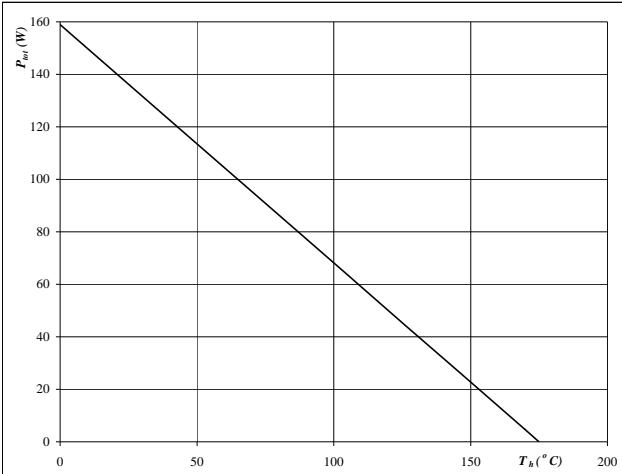
$$R_{thJH} = 1,10 \text{ K/W}$$

Boost

Figure 5

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

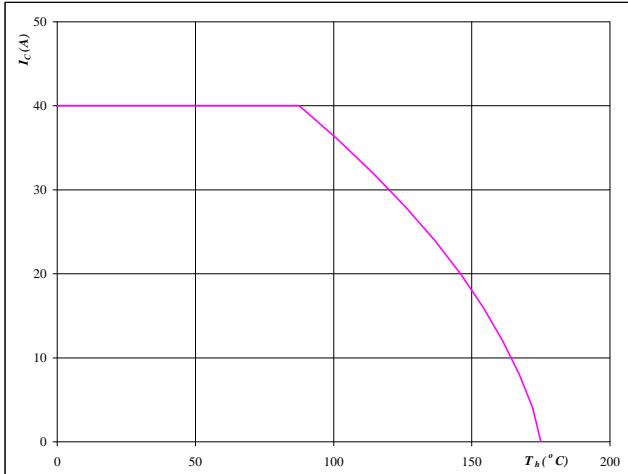

At

$$T_j = 175 \quad {}^\circ\text{C}$$

IGBT
Figure 6

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At

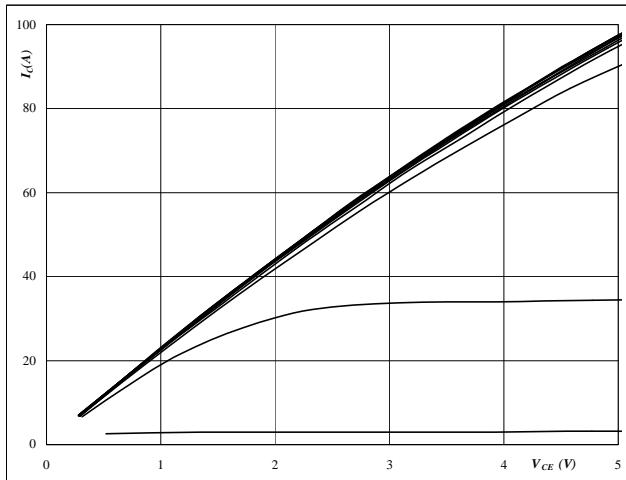
$$T_j = 175 \quad {}^\circ\text{C}$$

$$V_{GE} = 15 \quad \text{V}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 1
BOOST MOSFET
Typical output characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$


At

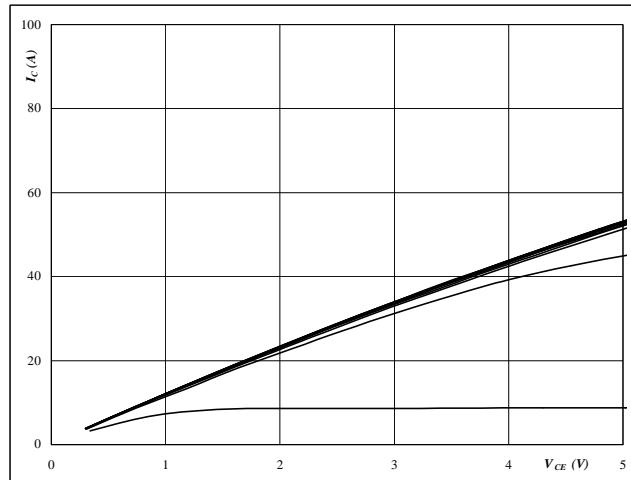
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GS} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2
BOOST FRED
Typical output characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$


At

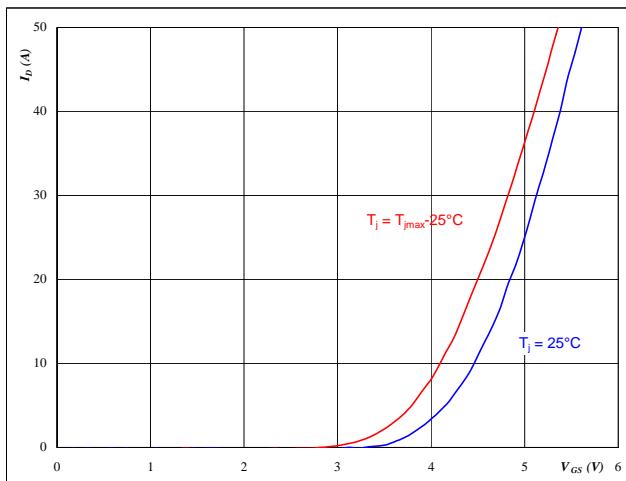
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$T_j = 126^\circ\text{C}$$

 V_{GS} from 4 V to 14 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3
BOOST MOSFET
Typical transfer characteristics

$$I_D = f(V_{DS})$$

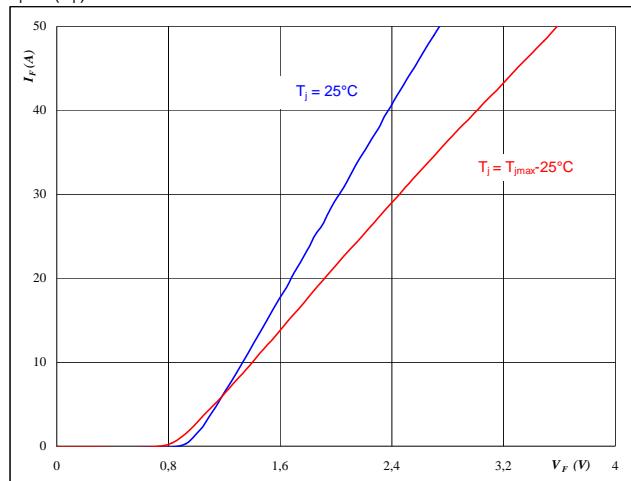

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

$$V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$$

Figure 4
BOOST FRED
Typical diode forward current as
a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$


At

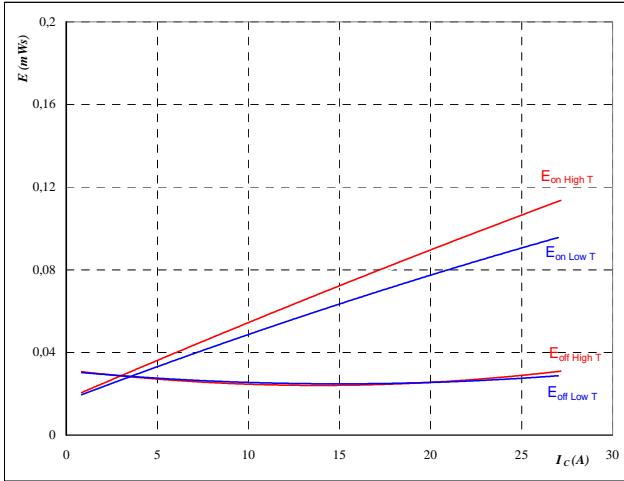
$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 5

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current

$$E = f(I_D)$$



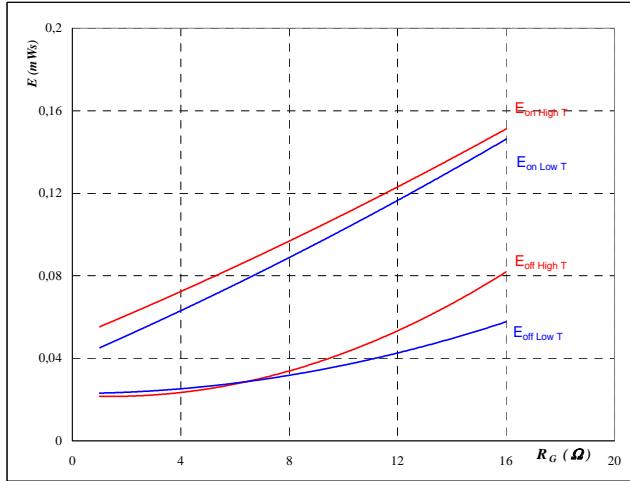
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

BOOST MOSFET
Figure 6

Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor

$$E = f(R_G)$$



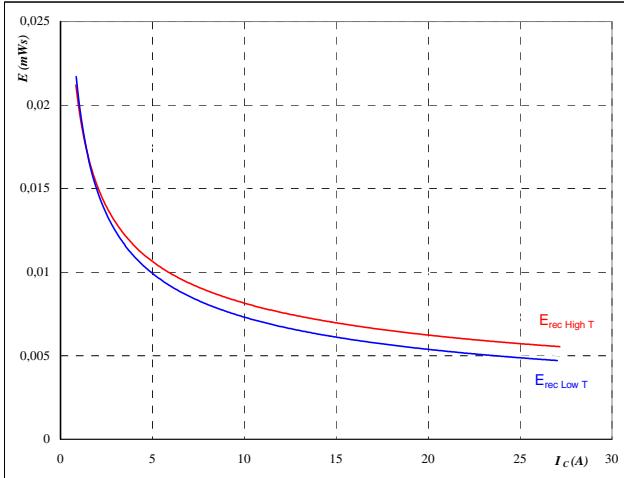
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 7

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector (drain) current

$$E_{rec} = f(I_c)$$



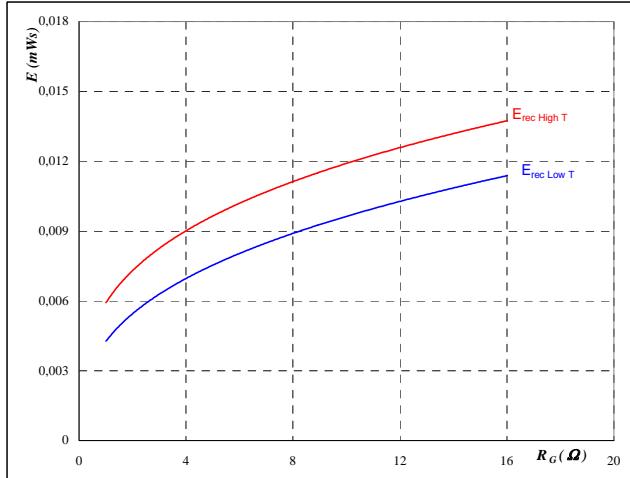
With an inductive load at

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \\ R_{goff} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

BOOST MOSFET
Figure 8

Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

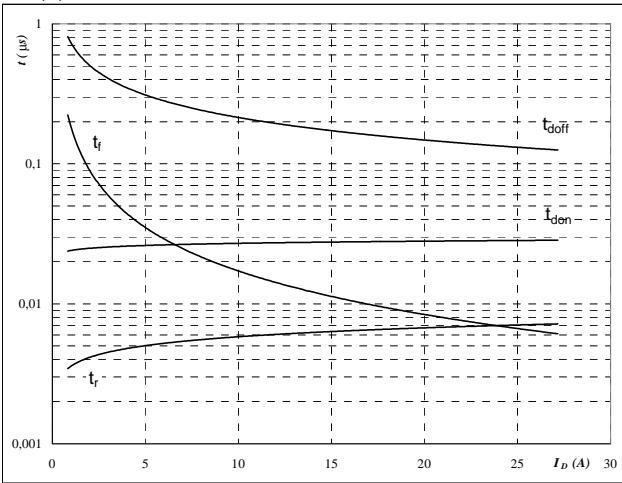
$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{DS} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ I_D &= 15 \quad \text{A} \end{aligned}$$

INPUT BOOST

Figure 9

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_D)$$



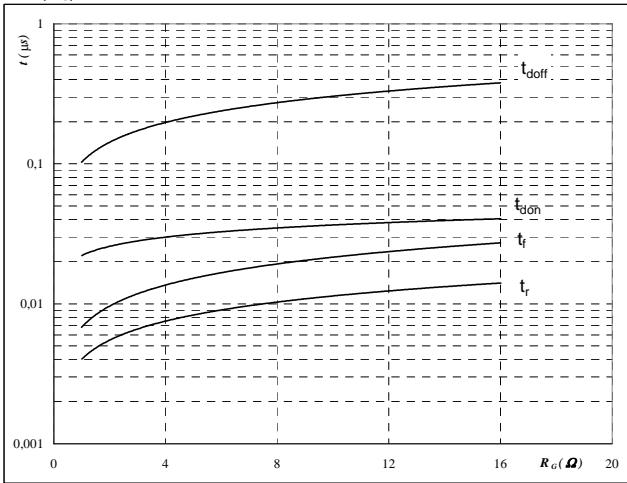
With an inductive load at

T _j =	125	°C
V _{DS} =	400	V
V _{GS} =	10	V
R _{gon} =	4	Ω
R _{goff} =	4	Ω

BOOST MOSFET
Figure 10

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



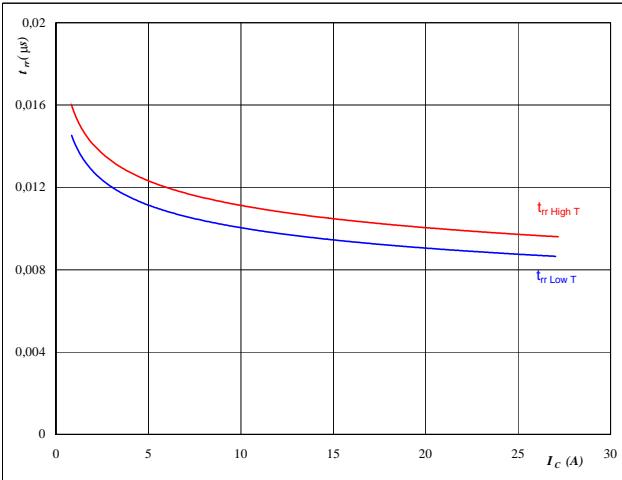
With an inductive load at

T _j =	125	°C
V _{DS} =	400	V
V _{GS} =	10	V
I _C =	15	A

Figure 11
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



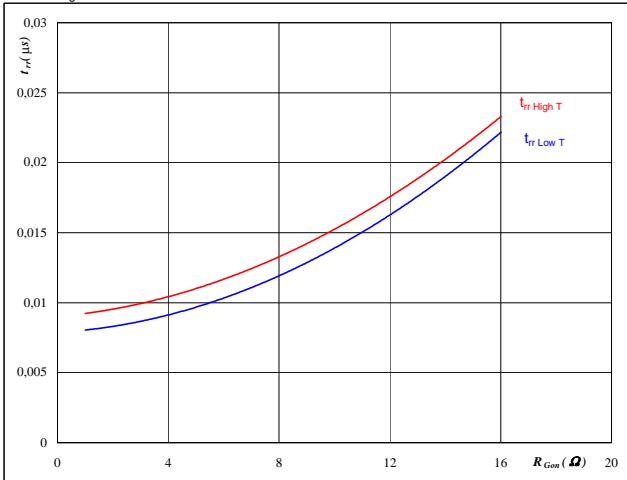
At

T _j =	25/125	°C
V _{CE} =	400	V
V _{GE} =	10	V
R _{gon} =	4	Ω

Figure 12
BOOST FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{Gon})$$



At

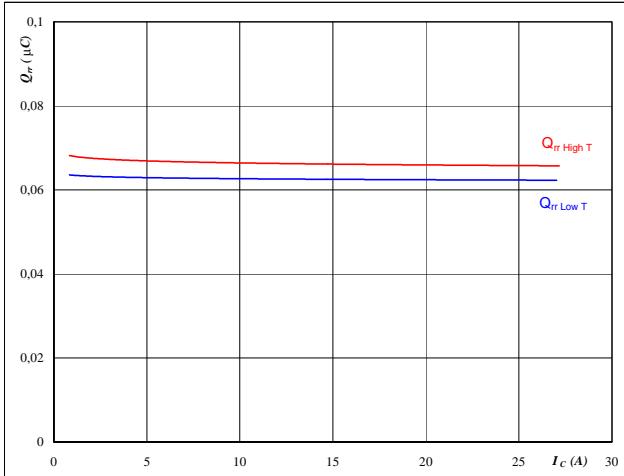
T _j =	25/125	°C
V _R =	400	V
I _F =	15	A
V _{GS} =	10	V

INPUT BOOST

Figure 13

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

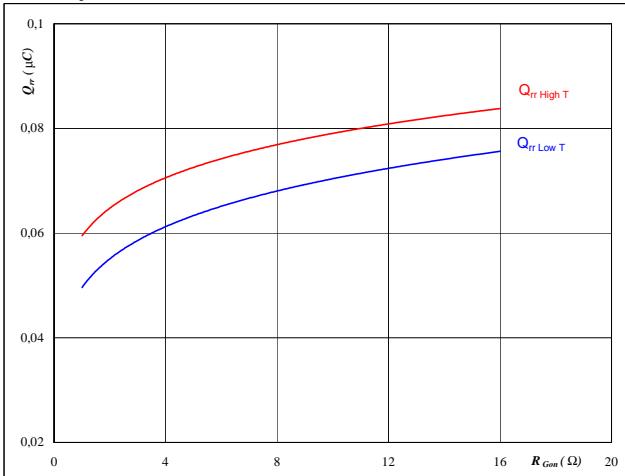

At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

BOOST FRED
Figure 14

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

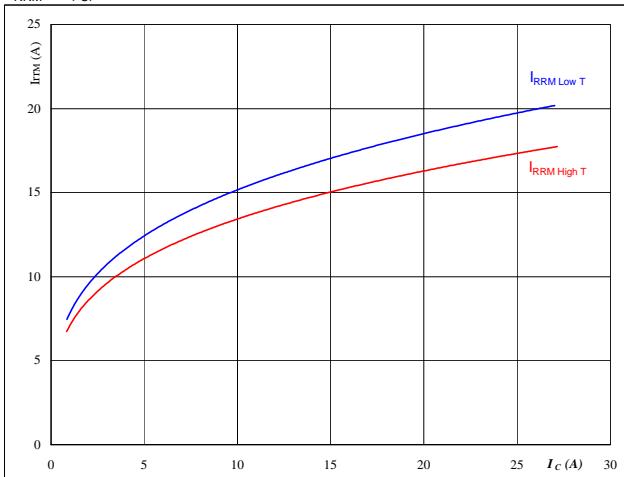

At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 15 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 15

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

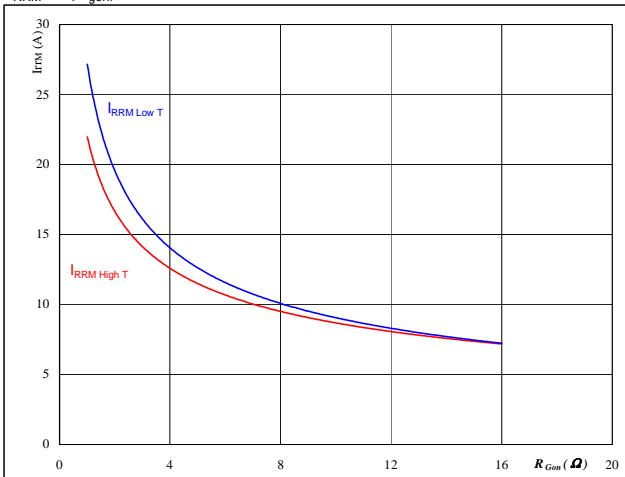

At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_{CE} &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ V_{GE} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \\ R_{gon} &= 4 \quad \Omega \end{aligned}$$

BOOST FRED
Figure 16

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

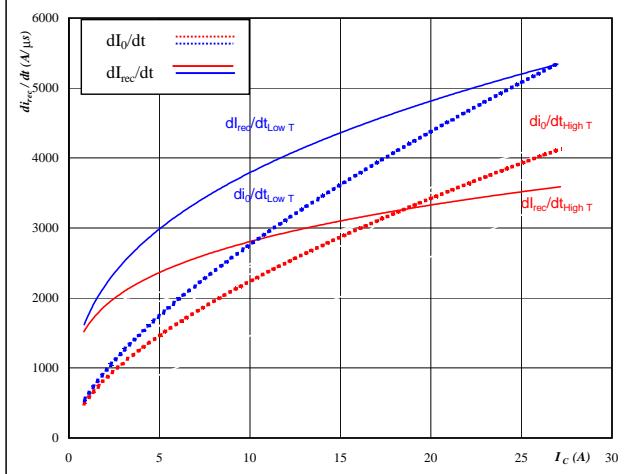
$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$


At

$$\begin{aligned} T_j &= 25/125 \quad ^\circ\text{C} \\ V_R &= 400 \quad \text{V} \\ I_F &= 15 \quad \text{A} \\ V_{GS} &= 10 \quad \text{V} \end{aligned}$$

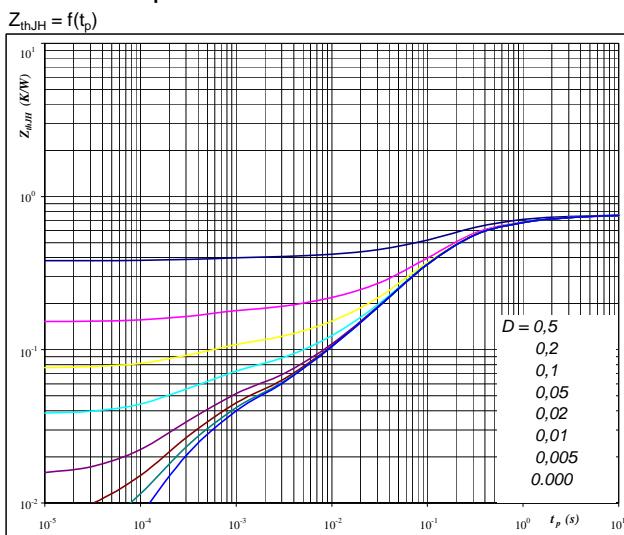
INPUT BOOST

Figure 17
**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of collector current**
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(I_C)$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 400 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{Gon} = 4 \Omega$

Figure 19
**IGBT/MOSFET transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**

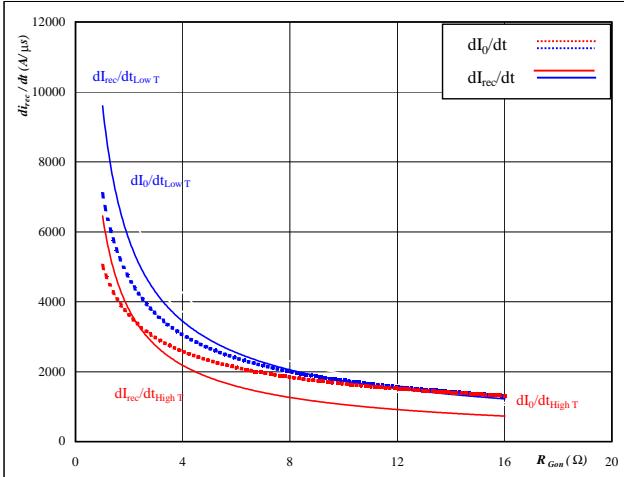


At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,76 \text{ K/W}$

IGBT thermal model values

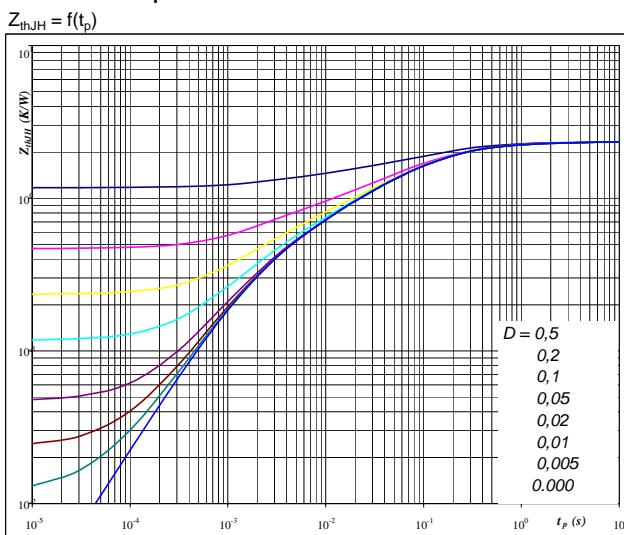
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,03247	9,971
0,1223	1,22
0,4264	0,1797
0,1173	0,04698
0,03103	0,005891
0,03298	0,0004038

Figure 18
**Typical rate of fall of forward
and reverse recovery current as a
function of IGBT turn on gate resistor**
 $dI_0/dt, dI_{rec}/dt = f(R_{Gon})$



At
 $T_j = 25/125 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 15 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$

Figure 20
**FRED transient thermal impedance
as a function of pulse width**



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 2,34 \text{ K/W}$

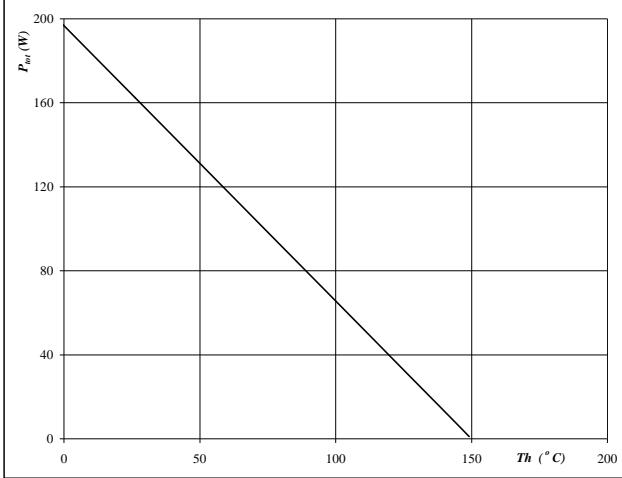
FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,1024	2,885
0,495	0,3437
0,9886	0,07039
0,4865	0,01004
0,2673	0,001614

INPUT BOOST

Figure 21
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

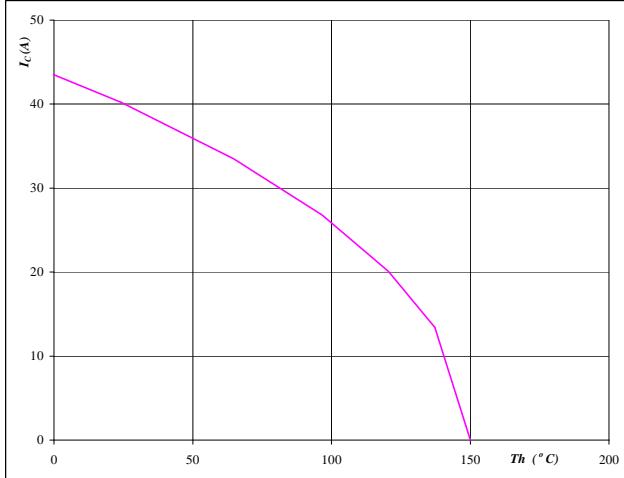


At
T_j = 150 °C

BOOST MOSFET

Figure 22
Collector/Drain current as a function of heatsink temperature

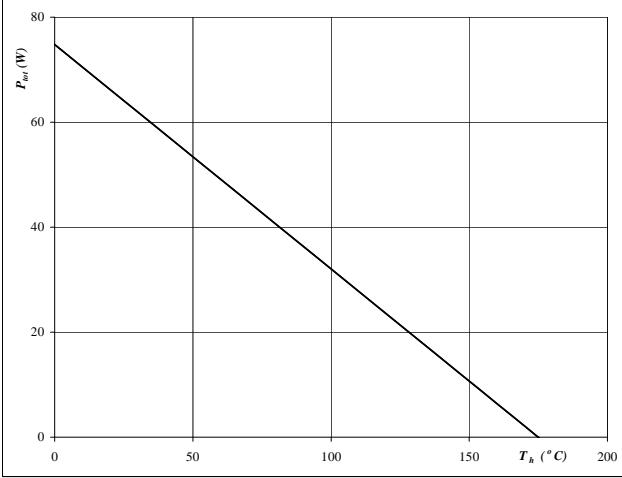
$$I_C = f(T_h)$$



At
T_j = 150 °C
V_{GS} = 10 V

Figure 23
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_h)$$

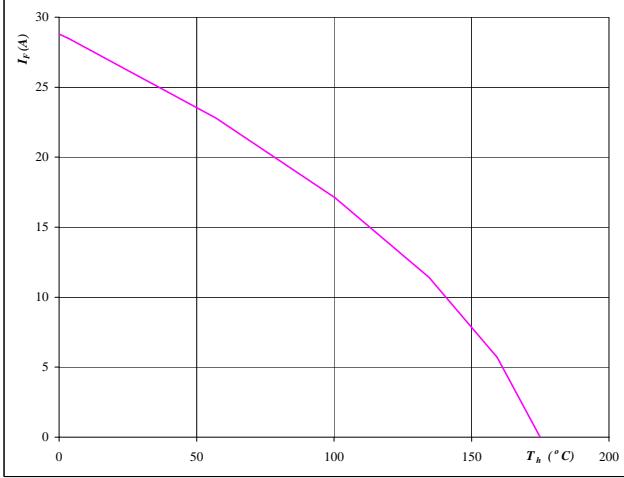


At
T_j = 175 °C

BOOST FRED

Figure 24
Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

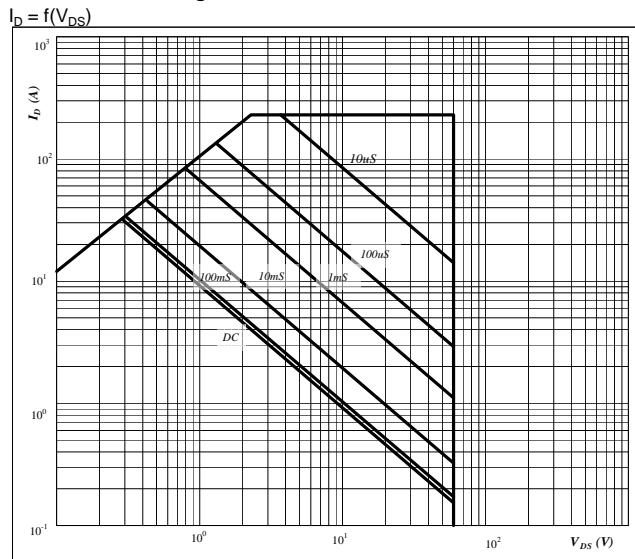


At
T_j = 175 °C

BOOST FRED

INPUT BOOST

Figure 25
**Safe operating area as a function
of drain-source voltage**

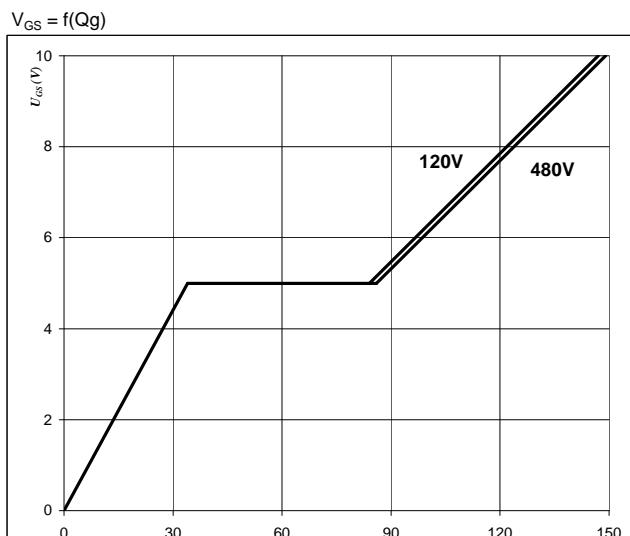


At

D = single pulse
 $T_h = 80 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $T_j = T_{j\max} \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

BOOST MOSFET

Figure 26
Gate voltage vs Gate charge



At

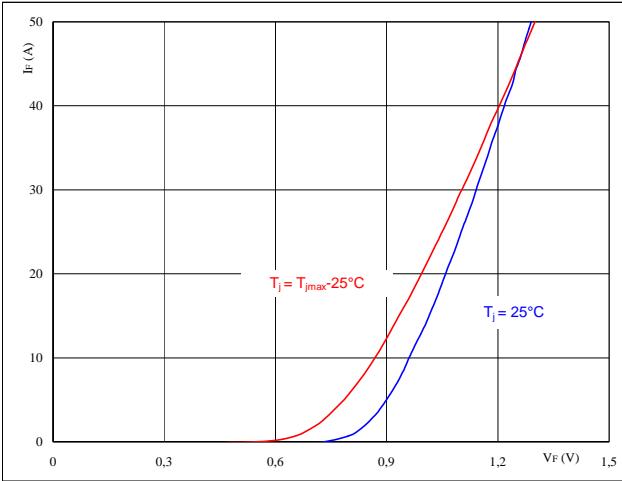
$I_D = 44 \text{ A}$

Bypass Diode

Figure 1

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

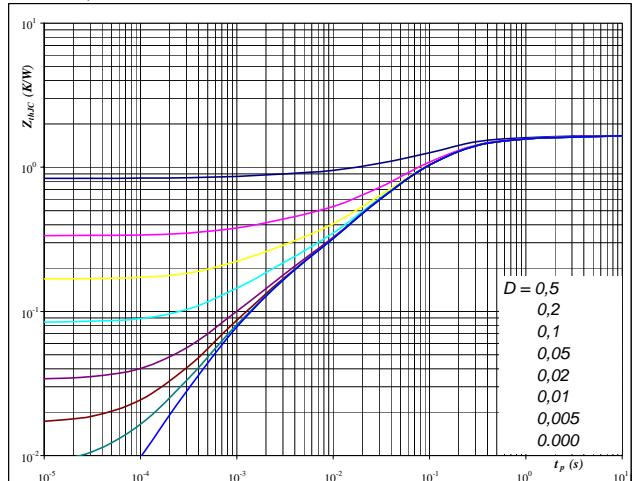

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Bypass diode
Figure 2

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

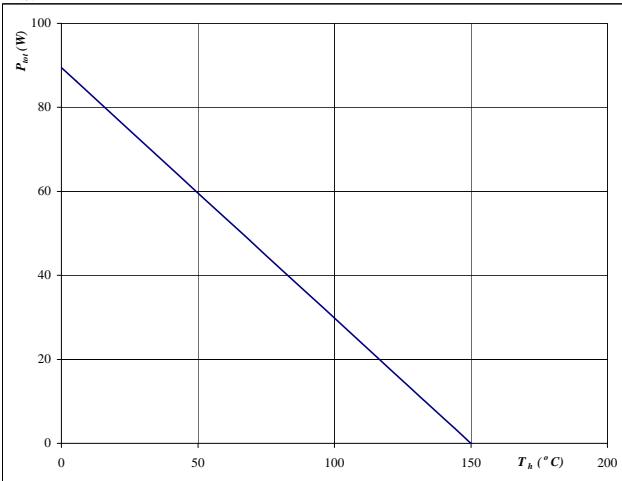
$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thJH} = 1,677 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 3

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

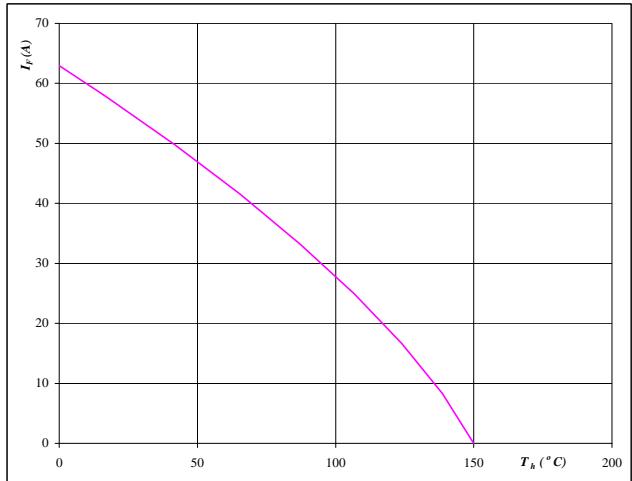

At

$$T_j = 150 ^\circ\text{C}$$

Bypass diode
Figure 4

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$


At

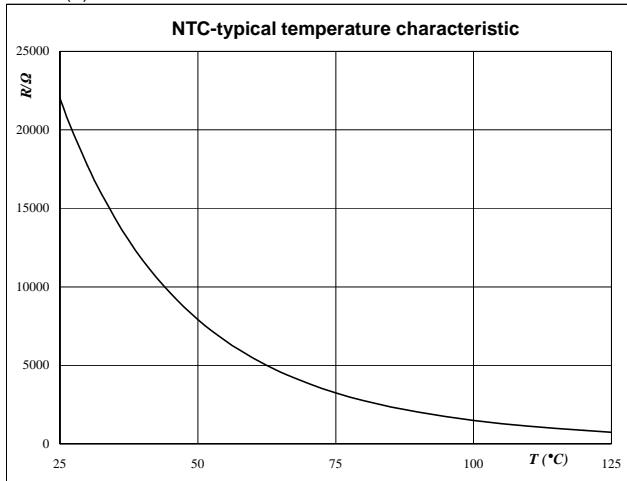
$$T_j = 150 ^\circ\text{C}$$

Thermistor

Figure 1

Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature

$$R_T = f(T)$$


Thermistor
Figure 2

Typical NTC resistance values

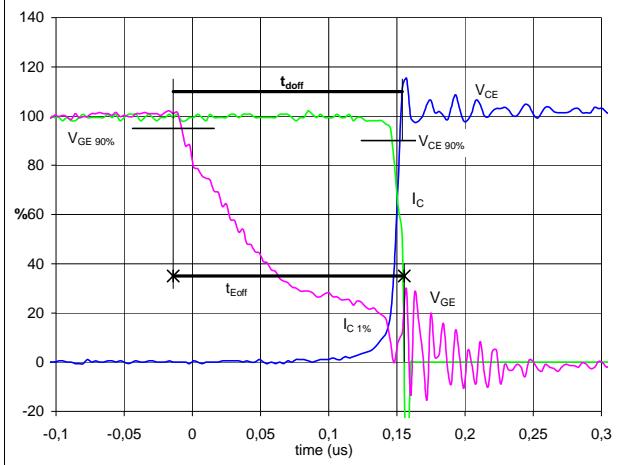
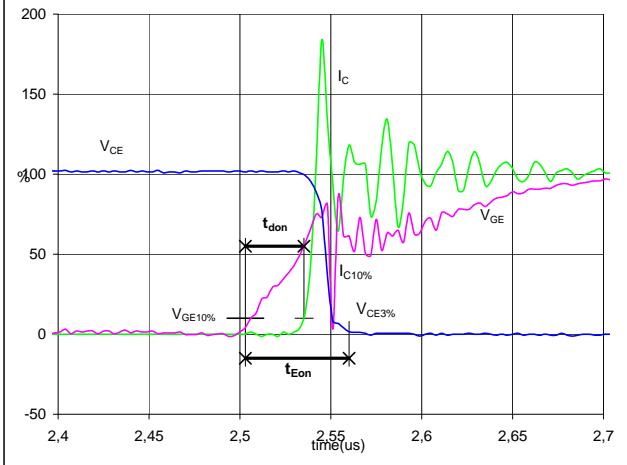
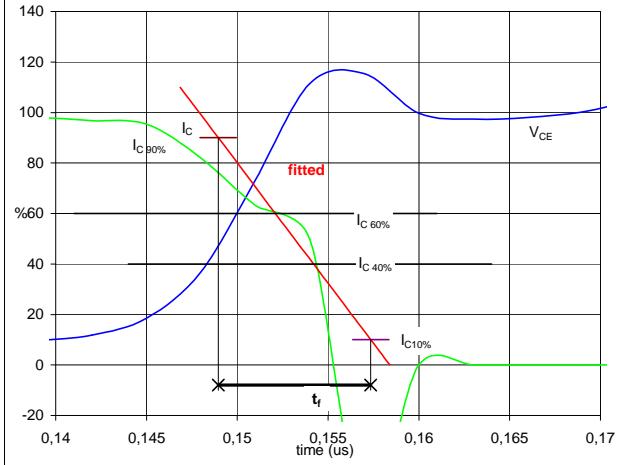
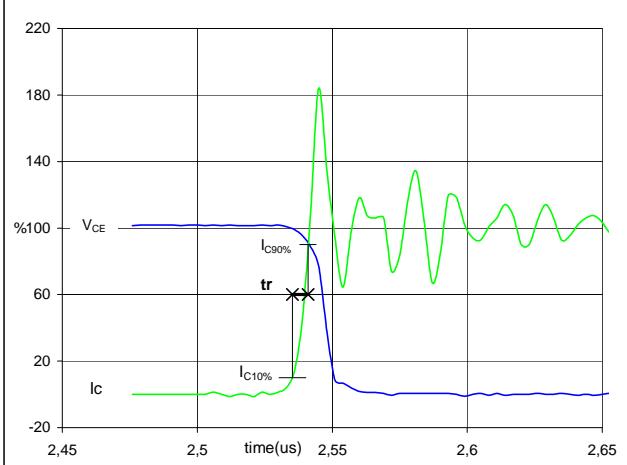
$$R(T) = R_{25} \cdot e^{\left(B_{25/100} \left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{25}} \right) \right)} \quad [\Omega]$$

T [°C]	R _{nom} [Ω]	R _{min} [Ω]	R _{max} [Ω]	△R/R [±%]
-55	2089434,5	1506495,4	2672373,6	27,9
0	71804,2	59724,4	83884	16,8
10	43780,4	37094,4	50466,5	15,3
20	27484,6	23684,6	31284,7	13,8
25	22000	19109,3	24890,7	13,1
30	17723,3	15512,2	19934,4	12,5
60	5467,9	4980,6	5955,1	8,9
70	3848,6	3546	4151,1	7,9
80	2757,7	2568,2	2947,1	6,9
90	2008,9	1889,7	2128,2	5,9
100	1486,1	1411,8	1560,4	5
150	400,2	364,8	435,7	8,8

Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

General conditions

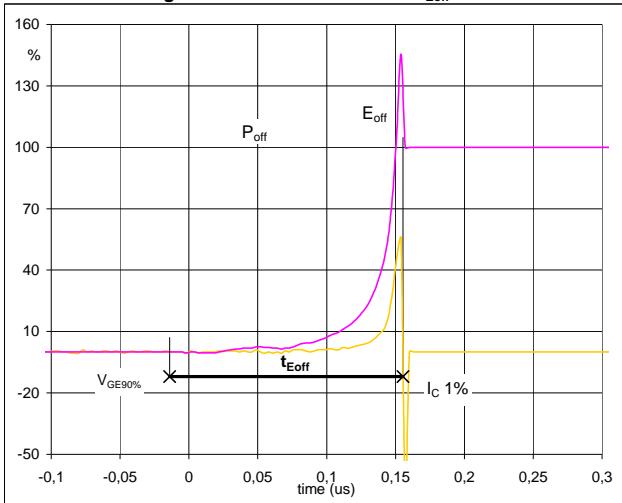
T_j	=	125 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

Figure 1
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
(t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})

 $V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_{doff} = 0,16 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eoff} = 0,17 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 2
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
(t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})

 $V_{GE}(0\%) = 0 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE}(100\%) = 10 \text{ V}$
 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_{don} = 0,03 \mu\text{s}$
 $t_{Eon} = 0,06 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 3
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f

 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_f = 0,01 \mu\text{s}$
Figure 4
Output inverter IGBT
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r

 $V_C(100\%) = 400 \text{ V}$
 $I_C(100\%) = 15 \text{ A}$
 $t_r = 0,01 \mu\text{s}$

Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

Figure 5

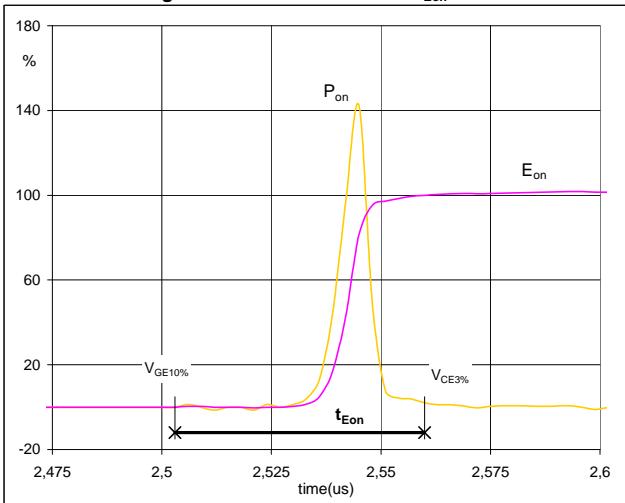
Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


P_{off} (100%) = 6,01 kW
 E_{off} (100%) = 0,02 mJ
 t_{Eoff} = 0,17 μ s

Figure 6

Output inverter IGBT

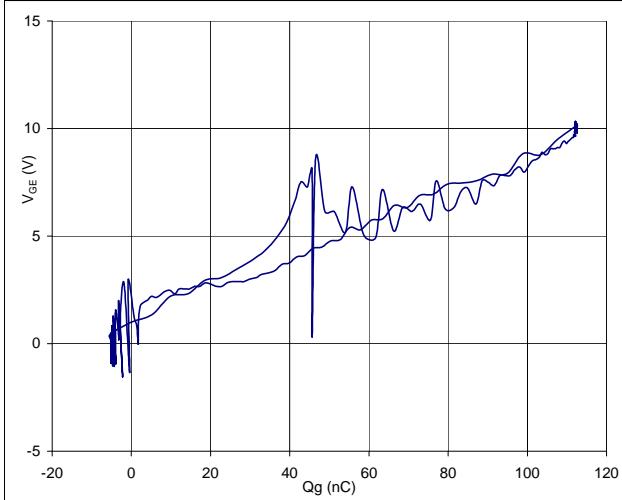
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


P_{on} (100%) = 6,01 kW
 E_{on} (100%) = 0,07 mJ
 t_{Eon} = 0,06 μ s

Figure 7

Output inverter FRED

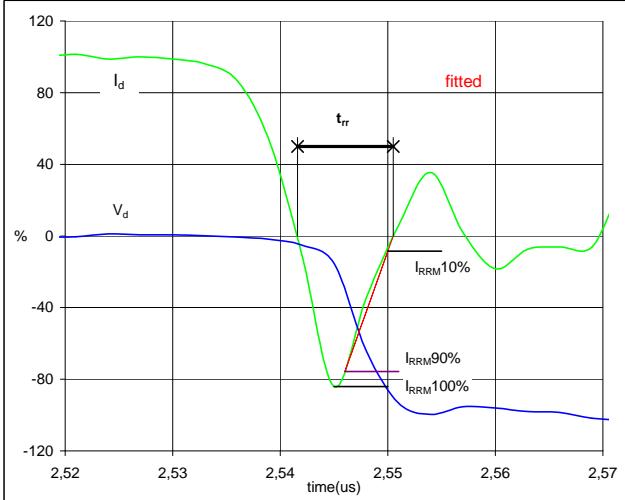
Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)



V_{GEoff} = 0 V
 V_{GEon} = 10 V
 V_C (100%) = 400 V
 I_C (100%) = 15 A
 Q_g = 112,54 nC

Figure 8

Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


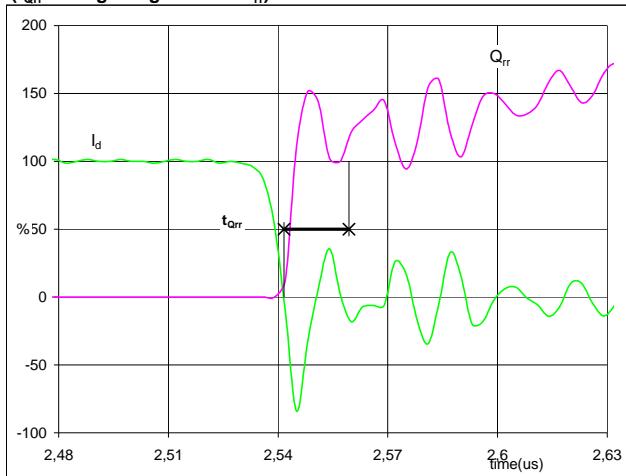
V_d (100%) = 400 V
 I_d (100%) = 15 A
 I_{RRM} (100%) = -6 A
 t_{rr} = 0,01 μ s

Switching Definitions BUCK MOSFET

Figure 9

Output inverter FRED

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 $(t_{Qrr} = \text{integrating time for } Q_{rr})$

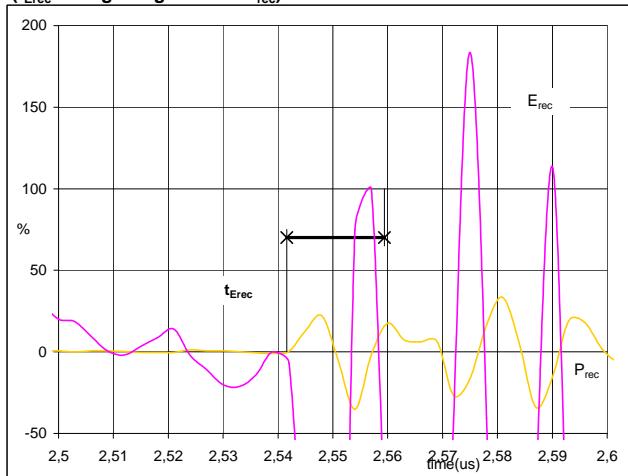


$$\begin{aligned} I_d(100\%) &= 15 \quad \text{A} \\ Q_{rr}(100\%) &= 0,03 \quad \mu\text{C} \\ t_{Qrr} &= 0,02 \quad \mu\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

Figure 10

Output inverter FRED

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 $(t_{Erec} = \text{integrating time for } E_{rec})$

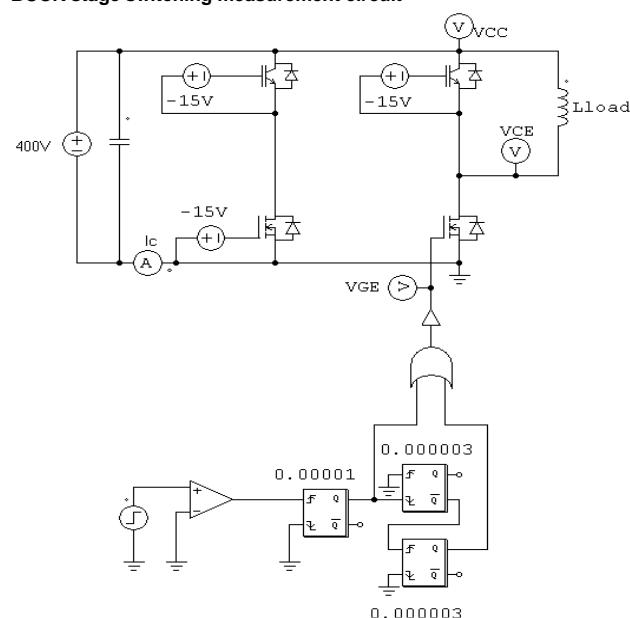


$$\begin{aligned} P_{rec}(100\%) &= 6,01 \quad \text{kW} \\ E_{rec}(100\%) &= 0,01 \quad \text{mJ} \\ t_{Erec} &= 0,02 \quad \mu\text{s} \end{aligned}$$

Measurement circuits

Figure 11

BUCK stage switching measurement circuit



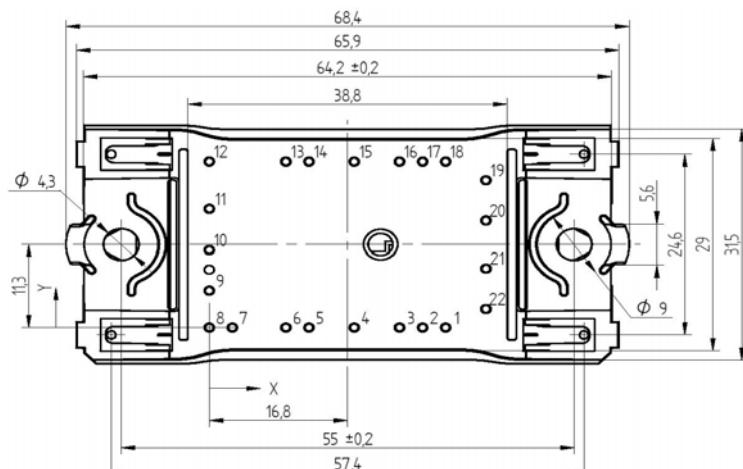
Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout

Ordering Code & Marking

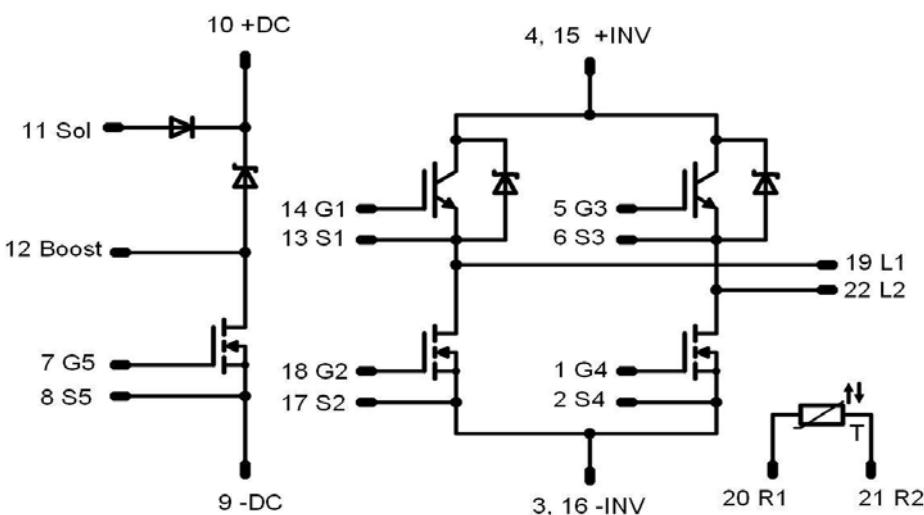
	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-FZ06BIA045FH-P897E	P897E	P897E

Outline

Pin table		
Pin	X	Y
1	28,7	0
2	25,9	0
3	23,1	0
4	17,6	0
5	12,1	0
6	9,3	0
7	2,8	0
8	0	0
9	0	5,05
10	0	10,55
11	0	16,15
12	0	22,6
13	9,3	22,6
14	12,1	22,6
15	17,6	22,6
16	23,1	22,6
17	25,9	22,6
18	28,7	22,6
19	33,6	20,05
20	33,6	14,55
21	33,6	8,05
22	33,6	2,55



Pinout



PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Datasheet Status	Product Status	Definition
Target	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data may be published at a later date. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.
Final	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Vincotech reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design. The data contained is exclusively intended for technically trained staff.

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