

OKI electronic components

OCS30

Optical PNPN Switches

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The OCS30 is an optical switch formed by combining an infrared light emitting diode and a PNPN element (photothyristor) that can withstand high voltages. The device is encased in an 8-pin plastic package. The output PNPN element of the OCS30 forms a bridge configuration, giving the device rectification capabilities.

FEATURES

- Optical switch with photocoupler type $1 \times 1 \times 2$ W (single) bridge
- Available for direct connection to subscriber line
- Total electrical isolation of drive circuit and channel circuit
- Protection function eliminating need for power outage countermeasures
- Simple polarity agreement
- UL recognized — File number: E86831

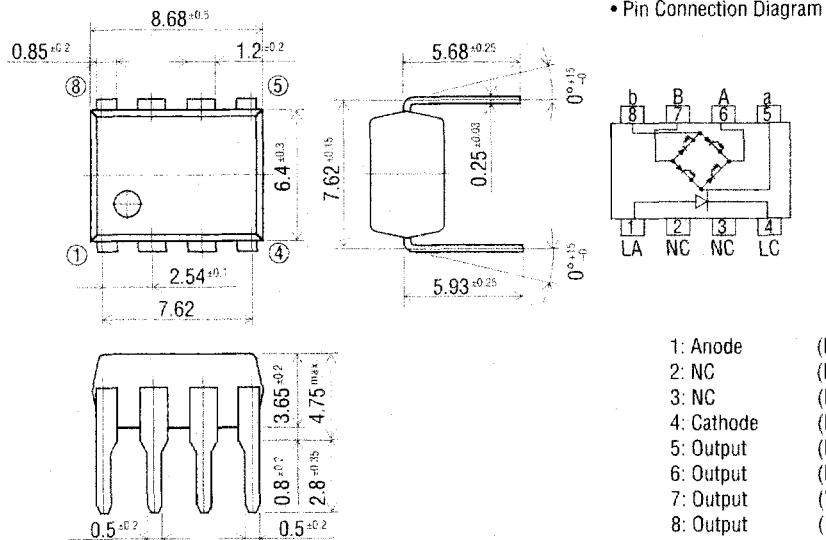
APPLICATIONS

- Electronic automatic exchange
- Key telephone system
- Optically coupled circuits

PIN CONFIGURATION

(Unit: mm)

• Pin Connection Diagram



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Rating	Unit
Input (LED)	I _G	Ta=25°C	60	mA
	V _{RL}		5	V
	V _{BO}		350	V
Output (PNP)	V _{BD}	Ta=25°C	350	V
	I _F		100	mA
	I _{SUG}		1.4	A
Isolation Voltage	V _{I-O}		1500	V
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	—	-20 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	—	30 to +100	°C

* A single 1 ms pulse

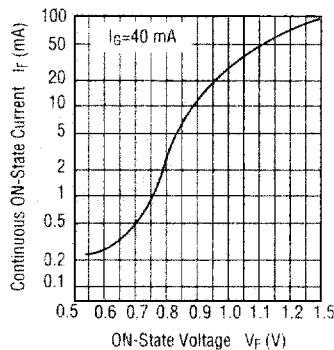
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ambient Temperature Ta=25°C)

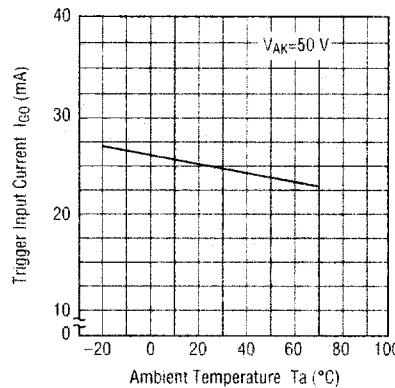
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Characteristics	V _{FL}	I _G =40 mA	—	—	1.4	V
	I _{RL}	V _{RL} =5 V	—	—	5	μA
Output Characteristics	I _{BO}	V _{BO} =320 V	—	—	5	μA
	I _{BD}	V _{BD} =320 V	—	—	5	μA
ON-State Voltage	V _F	I _F =20 mA, I _G =40 mA	—	—	1.0	V
ON Resistance	R _{on}	I _F =20 mA, ΔI _F =1 mA, I _G =40 mA	—	—	10	Ω
dV/dt Capability	dV/dt	dt=0.1 μs	120	—	—	V/0.1 μs
Holding Current	I _H	ON to OFF	—	—	1.3	mA
Coupled Characteristics	I _{GO}	V _{AK} =50 VDC	—	—	25	mA
	I _L	V _{KA} =50 V, I _G =40 mA	—	—	650	μA

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

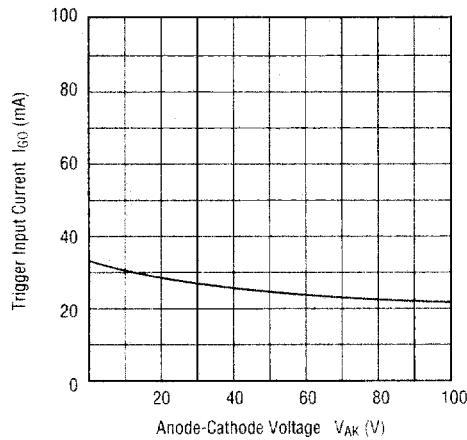
- Continuous ON-State Current vs. ON-State Voltage ($T_a=25^\circ C$)



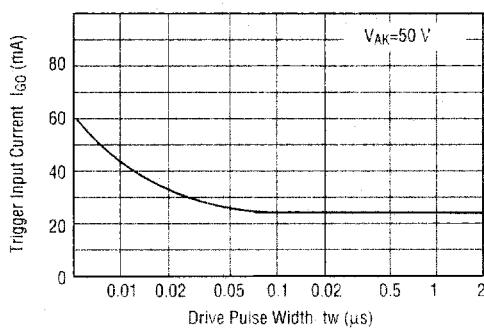
- Trigger Input Current vs. Ambient Temperature



- Trigger Input Current vs. Anode-Cathode Voltage ($T_a=25^\circ C$)



- Trigger Input Current vs. Drive Pulse Width



- Turn On Time vs. LED Forward Current (Ta=25°C)
- dV/dt Capability vs. Ambient Temperature

