

FEATURES

- ▶ Smallest Encapsulated 40W Converter!
- ▶ Package Size 2.0"x 1.0"x 0.4"
- ▶ Wide 2:1 Input Range
- ▶ Excellent Efficiency up to 92%
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +80°C
- ▶ Over-temperature Protection
- ▶ I/O-isolation Voltage 1500VDC
- ▶ Remote On/Off Control
- ▶ Shielded Metal Case with Isolated Baseplate
- ▶ Heatsink (Optional)
- ▶ CSA/UL/IEC/EN 60950-1 Safety Approval
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty




PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MKW40 series is a new generation of high performance dc-dc converter modules setting a new standard concerning power density. The product offers fully 40W in an encapsulated, shielded metal package with dimensions of just 2.0"x1.0"x0.4". All models provide wide 2:1 input voltage range and precisely regulated output voltages.

Advanced circuit topology provides a very high efficiency up to 92% which allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +80°C. Further features include remote On/Off, trimmable output voltage, under-voltage shutdown as well as overload and over-temperature protection.

Typical applications for these converters are battery operated equipment, instrumentation, distributed power architectures in communication and industrial electronics and many other space critical applications.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range) VDC	Output Voltage VDC	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current mA (typ.)	Over Voltage Protection VDC	Max. capacitive Load µF	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load				@Max. Load
			mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)				%
MKW40-12S033	12 (9 ~ 18)	3.3	8000	0	2470	120	50	3.9	21000	89
MKW40-12S05		5	8000	0	3750	160		6.2	13600	89
MKW40-12S12		12	3330	0	3750	160		15	2400	89
MKW40-12S15		15	2670	0	3700	150		18	1500	90
MKW40-12S24		24	1670	0	3790	160		30	600	88
MKW40-12D12		±12	±1670	±145	3790	70		±15	1200#	88
MKW40-12D15		±15	±1330	±110	3790	60		±18	750#	88
MKW40-24S033		24 (18 ~ 36)	3.3	8000	0	1220		75	30	3.9
MKW40-24S05	5		8000	0	1830	80	6.2	13600		91
MKW40-24S12	12		3330	0	1830	85	15	2400		91
MKW40-24S15	15		2670	0	1830	75	18	1500		91
MKW40-24S24	24		1670	0	1850	85	30	600		90
MKW40-24D12	±12		±1670	±145	1870	50	±15	1200#		89
MKW40-24D15	±15		±1330	±110	1870	45	±18	750#		89
MKW40-48S033	48 (36 ~ 75)		3.3	8000	0	610	40	20		3.9
MKW40-48S05		5	8000	0	920	50	6.2		13600	91
MKW40-48S12		12	3330	0	910	50	15		2400	92
MKW40-48S15		15	2670	0	910	50	18		1500	92
MKW40-48S24		24	1670	0	920	50	30		600	90
MKW40-48D12		±12	±1670	±145	940	65	±15		1200#	89
MKW40-48D15		±15	±1330	±110	940	65	±18		750#	89

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	VDC	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50		
	48V Input Models	-0.7	---	100		
Start-Up Threshold Voltage	12V Input Models	---	---	9		
	24V Input Models	---	---	18		
	48V Input Models	---	---	36		
Under Voltage Lockout	12V Input Models	---	8.3	---		
	24V Input Models	---	16.5	---		
	48V Input Models	---	33	---		
Input Polarity Protection	None					
Start Up Time	Power Up	Nominal Vin and Constant Resistive Load	---	---	30	ms
	Remote On/Off		---	---	30	ms
Internal Filter Type	All Models	LC Filter (for EN55022, Class A compliance see page 8)				
Short Circuit Current	--- (Hiccup Mode 1.5 Hz typ.)					

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Output Voltage Setting Accuracy	At 50% Load and Nominal Vin	---	---	±1.0	%Vnom.	
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	---	±2.0	%	
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	---	±0.5	%	
Load Regulation	Min. Load to Full Load	Single Output	---	---	±0.5	%
		Dual Output	---	---	±1.0	%
Load Cross Regulation (Dual Output)	Asymmetrical Load 25%/100% Full Load	---	---	±5.0	%	
Minimum Load	No Minimum Load Requirement for Single Output Models, for dual Output Models see Table					
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	3.3V & 5V Output Models	---	100	---	mV _{P-P}	
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	12V, 15V & 24V Models	---	150	---	mV _{P-P}	
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Dual Output Models	---	150	---	mV _{P-P}	
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	250	---	µsec	
Temperature Coefficient		---	---	±0.02	%/°C	
Over Load Protection	Current Limitation at 150% typ. of Iout max., Hiccup					
Short Circuit Protection	Hiccup Automatic Recovery					
Over Voltage Protection	For Shutdown Voltage see Model Selection Guide					

General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	---	1500	pF
Switching Frequency		---	320	---	KHz
MTBF(calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	328,000	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-scheme)				

Input Fuse

12V Input Models	24V Input Models	48V Input Models
800mA Slow-Blow Type	400mA Slow-Blow Type	200mA Slow-Blow Type

Remote On/Off Control

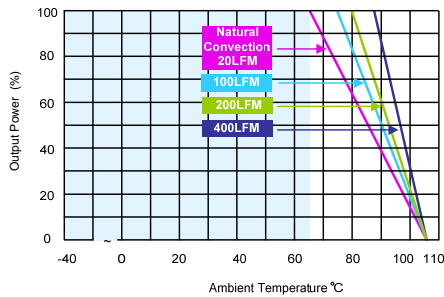
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Converter On		3.5V ~ 12V or Open Circuit			
Converter Off		0V ~ 1.2V or Short Circuit			
Control Input Current (on)	Vctrl = 5.0V	---	0.5	---	mA
Control Input Current (off)	Vctrl = 0V	---	-0.5	---	mA
Control Common		Referenced to Negative Input			
Standby Input Current	Nominal Vin	---	2.5	---	mA

Output Voltage Trim

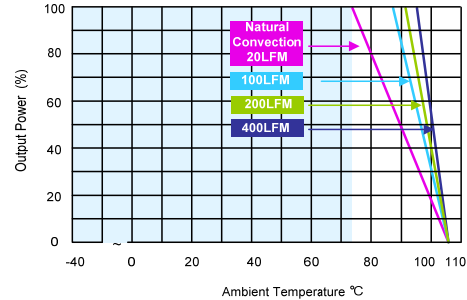
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Trim Up / Down Range	% of nominal output voltage	±10	---	---	%

Environmental Specifications

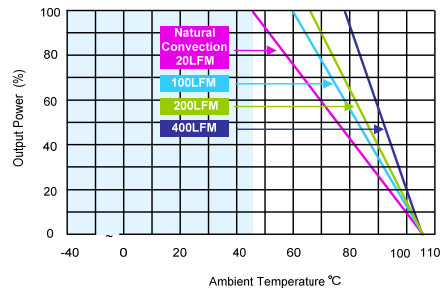
Parameter	Model	Min.	Max.		Unit
			without Heatsink	with Heatsink	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (Natural Convection, see Derating)	MKW40-XXS033	-40	66	73	°C
	MKW40-XXS05				
	MKW40-XXS12				
	MKW40-XXS15				
	MKW40-XXDXX				
Thermal Impedance	Natural Convection without Heatsink	12.0	---	---	°C/W
	Natural Convection with Heatsink	10.0	---	---	°C/W
	100LFM Convection without Heatsink	9.0	---	---	°C/W
	100LFM Convection with Heatsink	5.4	---	---	°C/W
	200LFM Convection without Heatsink	8.0	---	---	°C/W
	200LFM Convection with Heatsink	4.5	---	---	°C/W
	400LFM Convection without Heatsink	6.0	---	---	°C/W
	400LFM Convection with Heatsink	3.0	---	---	°C/W
Case Temperature		---	+105		°C
Thermal Protection	Shutdown Temperature		110°C typ.		
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125		°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95		% rel. H
RFI	Six-Sided Shielded, Metal Case				
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260		°C

Power Derating Curve


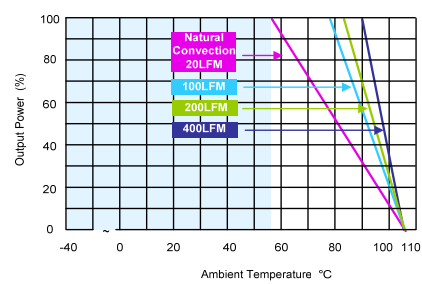
MKW40-XXS033 Derating Curve without Heatsink



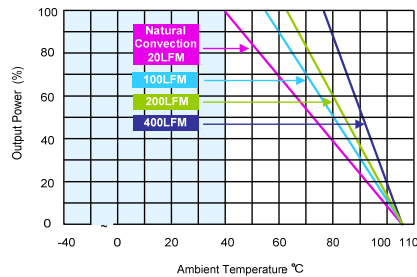
MKW40-XXS033 Derating Curve with Heatsink



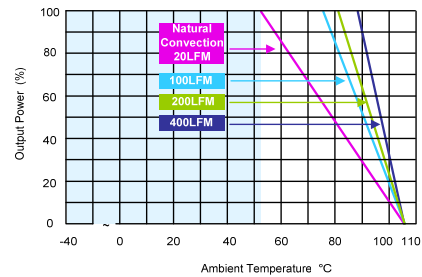
MKW40-XXS05, MKW40-XXS12, MKW40-XXS15 Derating Curve without Heatsink



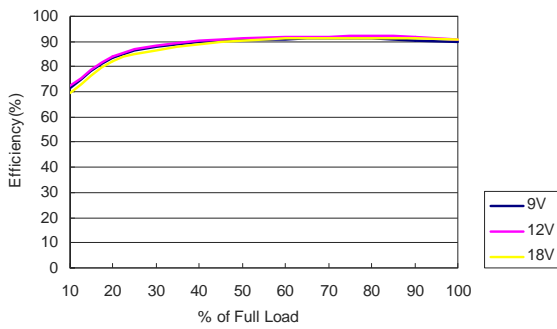
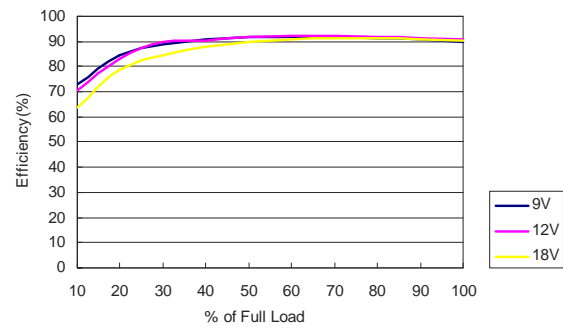
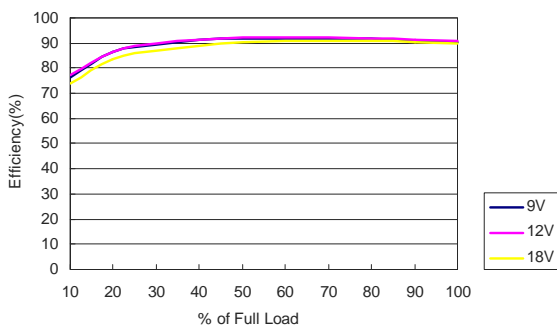
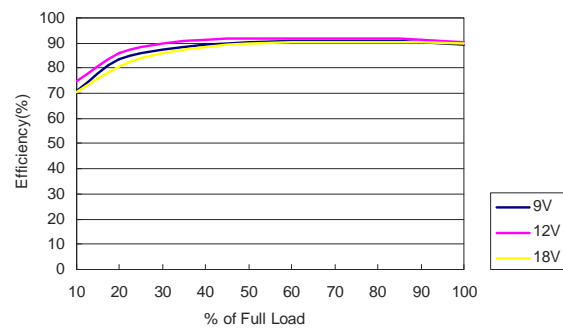
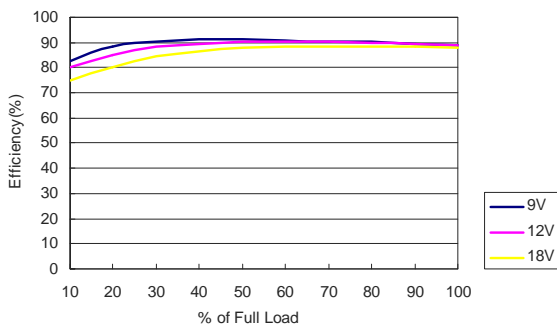
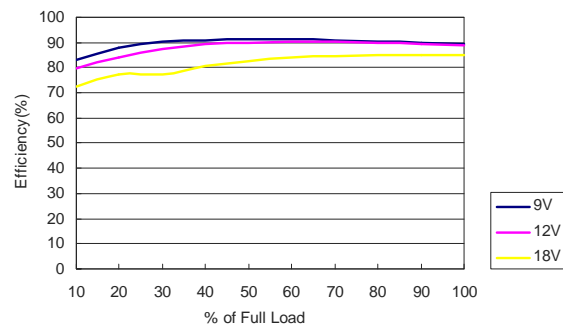
MKW40-XXS05, MKW40-XXS12, MKW40-XXS15 Derating Curve with Heatsink

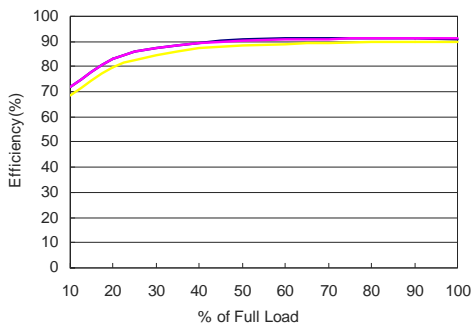
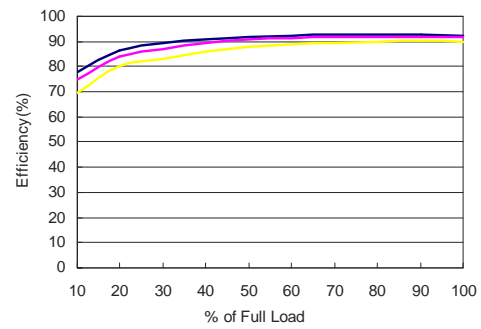
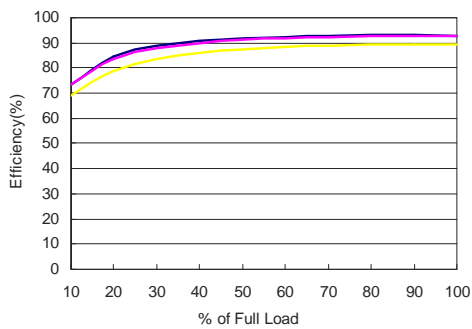
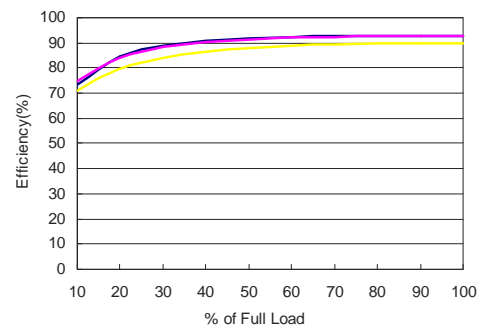
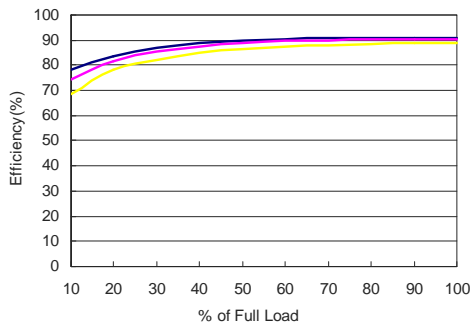
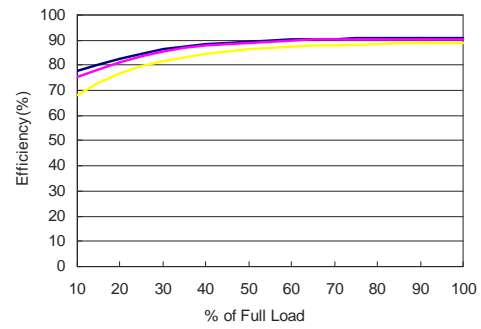


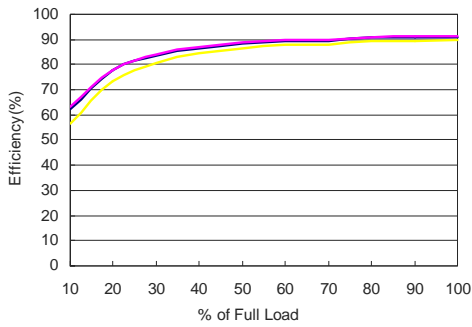
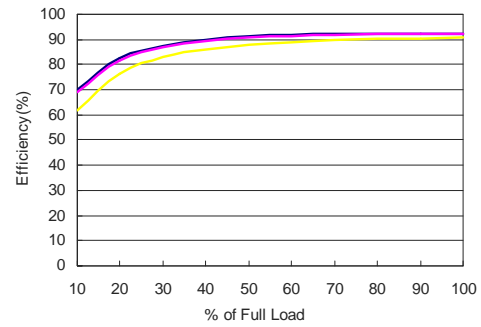
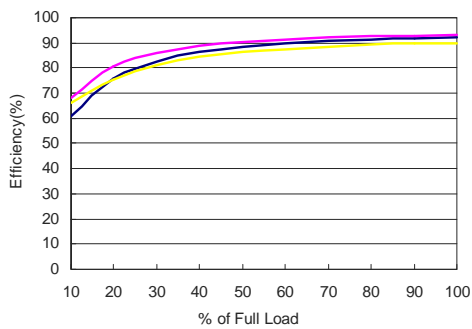
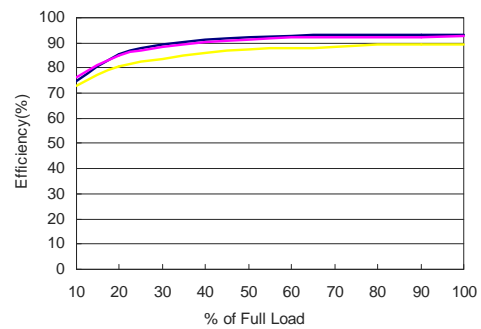
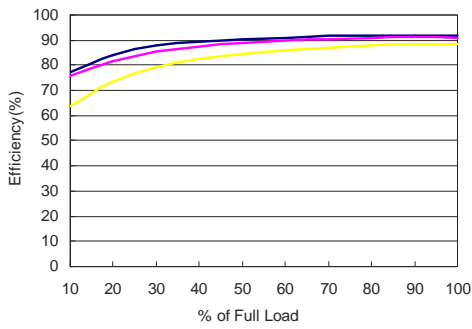
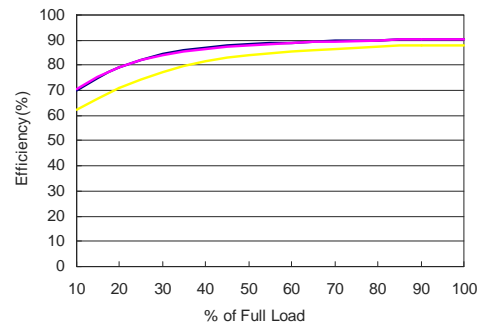
MKW40-XXDXX Derating Curve without Heatsink



MKW40-XXDXX Derating Curve with Heatsink

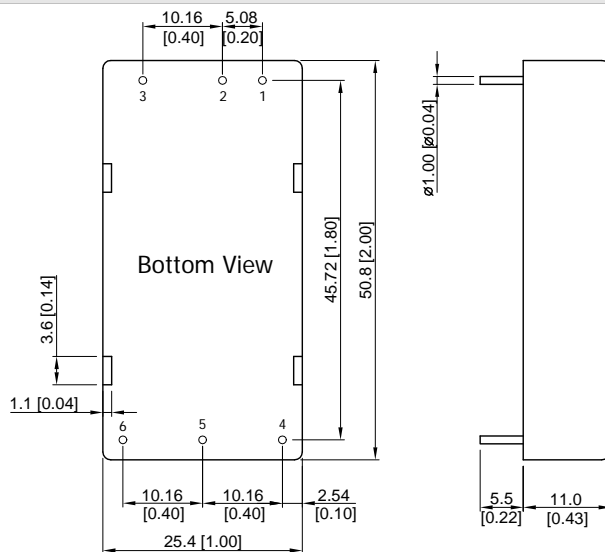
Efficiency Curve @25°C

MKW40-12S033 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-12S05 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-12S12 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-12S15 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-12D12 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-12D15 Efficiency vs Load Current

Efficiency Curve @25°C

MKW40-24S033 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-24S05 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-24S12 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-24S15 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-24D12 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-24D15 Efficiency vs Load Current

Efficiency Curve @25°C

MKW40-48S033 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-48S05 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-48S12 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-48S15 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-48D12 Efficiency vs Load Current

MKW40-48D15 Efficiency vs Load Current

Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- 3 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 20 MHz, measured with a 1µF M/C and a 10µF T/C.
- 4 All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 5 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- 6 To order the converter with heatsink, please add a **suffix -HS** (e.g.MKW40-12S05-HS) to order code.
- 7 To order the converter without Remote On/Off function, please add a **suffix -N** (e.g.MKW40-12S05-N) to order code.
- 8 That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- 9 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

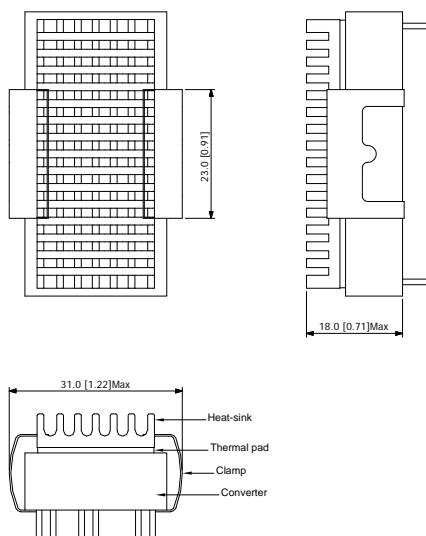
Package Specifications
Mechanical Dimensions

Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
3	Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off
4	+Vout	+Vout
5	-Vout	Common
6	Trim	-Vout

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pin diameter $\varnothing 1.0 \pm 0.05$ (0.04±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

Case Size	: 50.8x25.4x11mm (2.0x1.0x0.43 inches)
Case Material	: Aluminium Alloy, Black Anodized Coating
Base Material	: FR4 PCB (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Pin Material	: Copper Alloy with Gold Plate Over Nickel Subplate
Weight	: 30g

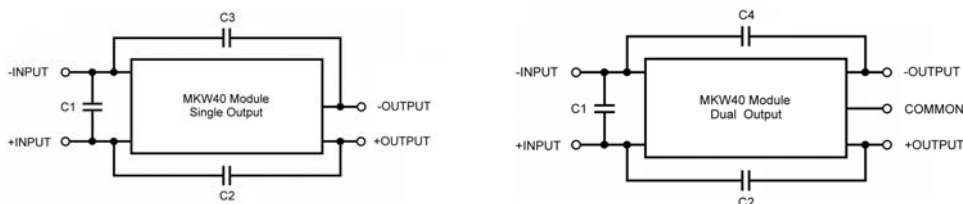
Heatsink (Option -HS)

Physical Characteristics

Heatsink Material	: Aluminum
Finish	: Black Anodized Coating
Weight	: 9g

- ▶ The advantages of adding a heatsink are:
 1. To help heat dissipation and increase the stability and reliability of DC/DC converters at high operating temperature atmosphere.
 2. To upgrade the operating temperature of DC/DC converters, please refer to Derating Curve.

EMI-Filter to meet EN 55022, class A; FCC part 15 ,level A

Conducted and radiated emissions EN55022 Class A

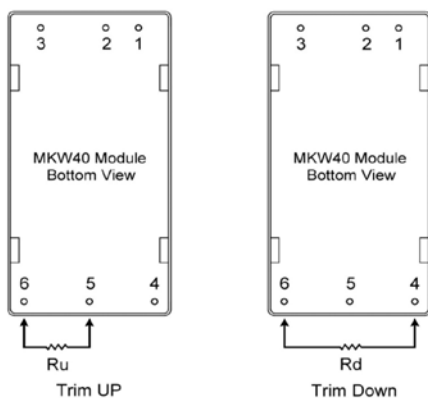


Part No.	MKW40-12SXX	MKW40-24SXX	MKW40-48SXX
C1	10 μ F/25V 1812 MLCC	4.7 μ F/50V 1812 MLCC	2.2 μ F/100V 1812 MLCC
C2 & C3	1000pF/2KV 1808 MLCC	1000pF/2KV 1808 MLCC	1000pF/2KV 1808 MLCC

Part No.	MKW40-12DXX	MKW40-24DXX	MKW40-48DXX
C1	10 μ F/25V 1812 MLCC	4.7 μ F/50V 1812 MLCC	2.2 μ F/100V 1812 MLCC
C2 & C4	1000pF/2KV 1808 MLCC	1000pF/2KV 1808 MLCC	1000pF/2KV 1808 MLCC

External Output Trimming

Output can be externally trimmed by using the method shown below



MKW40-XXS033 Trim Table

Trim down	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox0.99	Vox0.98	Vox0.97	Vox0.96	Vox0.95	Vox0.94	Vox0.93	Vox0.92	Vox0.91	Vox0.90	Volts
Rd=	63.59	30.28	18.19	11.95	8.13	5.56	3.70	2.31	1.21	0.34	KOhms
Trim up	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox1.01	Vox1.02	Vox1.03	Vox1.04	Vox1.05	Vox1.06	Vox1.07	Vox1.08	Vox1.09	Vox1.10	Volts
Ru=	70.50	29.28	16.87	10.90	7.38	5.06	3.42	2.20	1.25	0.49	KOhms

MKW40-XXS05 Trim Table

Trim down	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox0.99	Vox0.98	Vox0.97	Vox0.96	Vox0.95	Vox0.94	Vox0.93	Vox0.92	Vox0.91	Vox0.90	Volts
Rd=	45.53	20.61	12.31	8.15	5.66	4.00	2.81	1.92	1.23	0.68	KOhms
Trim up	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox1.01	Vox1.02	Vox1.03	Vox1.04	Vox1.05	Vox1.06	Vox1.07	Vox1.08	Vox1.09	Vox1.10	Volts
Ru=	36.57	16.58	9.92	6.59	4.59	3.25	2.30	1.59	1.03	0.59	KOhms

MKW40-XXS12 Trim Table

Trim down	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox0.99	Vox0.98	Vox0.97	Vox0.96	Vox0.95	Vox0.94	Vox0.93	Vox0.92	Vox0.91	Vox0.90	Volts
Rd=	394.50	179.74	106.08	68.86	46.39	31.36	20.60	12.51	6.21	1.17	KOhms
Trim up	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox1.01	Vox1.02	Vox1.03	Vox1.04	Vox1.05	Vox1.06	Vox1.07	Vox1.08	Vox1.09	Vox1.10	Volts
Ru=	368.92	161.92	94.97	61.86	42.12	29.00	19.66	12.66	7.23	2.89	KOhms

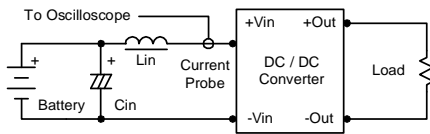
MKW40-XXS15 Trim Table

Trim down	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox0.99	Vox0.98	Vox0.97	Vox0.96	Vox0.95	Vox0.94	Vox0.93	Vox0.92	Vox0.91	Vox0.90	Volts
Rd=	572.67	248.63	145.60	94.97	64.87	44.92	30.72	20.10	11.86	5.28	KOhms
Trim up	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	%
Vout=	Vox1.01	Vox1.02	Vox1.03	Vox1.04	Vox1.05	Vox1.06	Vox1.07	Vox1.08	Vox1.09	Vox1.10	Volts
Ru=	392.98	182.12	108.73	71.43	48.85	33.71	22.86	14.69	8.33	3.23	KOhms

Test Setup

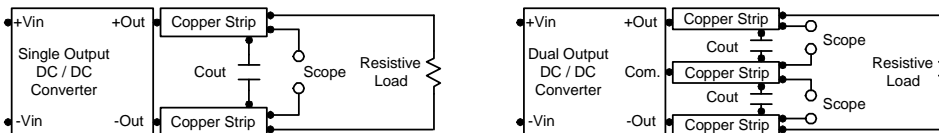
Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} (4.7 μ H) and C_{in} (220 μ F, ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor C_{in} , offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 KHz.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor and a 10 μ F tantalum capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



Technical Notes

Remote On/Off

Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and off during a logic low. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the -Vin terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent. A logic low is 0V to 1.2V. A logic high is 3.5V to 12V. The maximum sink current at the on/off terminal (Pin 3) during a logic low is -100 μ A.

Overcurrent Protection

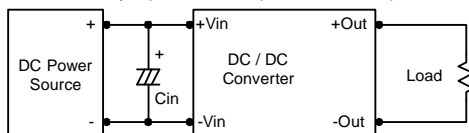
To provide hiccup mode protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure overload for an unlimited duration.

Overvoltage Protection

The output overvoltage clamp consists of control circuitry, which is independent of the primary regulation loop, that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. The control loop of the clamp has a higher voltage set point than the primary loop. This provides a redundant voltage control that reduces the risk of output overvoltage. The OVP level can be found in the output data.

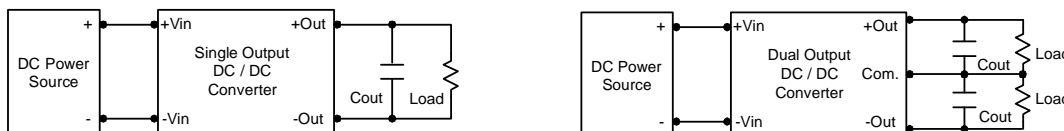
Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 33 μ F for the 12V input devices and a 10 μ F for the 24V and 48V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 4.7 μ F capacitors at the output.



Maximum Capacitive Load

The MKW40 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

