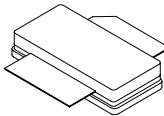


# AGR18125E

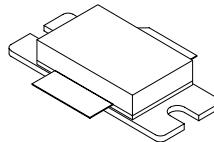
## 125 W, 1.805 GHz—1.880 GHz, LDMOS RF Power Transistor

### Introduction

The AGR18125E is a 125 W, 26 V, N-channel gold-metallized, laterally diffused metal oxide semiconductor (LDMOS) RF power field effect transistor (FET) suitable for global system for mobile communication (GSM), enhanced data for global evolution (EDGE), and multicarrier class AB power amplifier applications. This device is manufactured using advanced LDMOS technology offering state-of-the-art performance and reliability. It is packaged in an industry-standard package and is capable of delivering a minimum output power of 125 W which makes it ideally suited for today's RF power amplifier applications.



AGR18125EU (unflanged)



AGR18125EF (flanged)

Figure 1. Available Packages

### Features

Typical performance ratings for GSM EDGE ( $f = 1.840 \text{ GHz}$ ,  $P_{\text{OUT}} = 50 \text{ W}$ )

- Modulation spectrum:  
@  $\pm 400 \text{ kHz} = -60 \text{ dBc}$ .  
@  $\pm 600 \text{ kHz} = -72 \text{ dBc}$ .

Typical performance over entire digital communication system (DCS) band:

- P1dB: 125 W typical (typ).
- Power gain: @ P1dB = 13.5 dB.
- Efficiency: @ P1dB = 50% typ.
- Return loss: -10 dB.

High-reliability, gold-metallization process.

Low hot carrier injection (HCI) induced bias drift over 20 years.

Internally matched.

High gain, efficiency, and linearity.

Integrated ESD protection.

125 W minimum output power.

Device can withstand 10:1 voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR) at 28 Vdc, 1.840 GHz, 125 W continuous wave (CW) output power.

Large signal impedance parameters available.

Table 1. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Sym	Value	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case: AGR18125EU	$R_{\text{JJC}}$	0.5	°C/W
AGR18125EF	$R_{\text{JJC}}$	0.5	°C/W

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Parameter	Sym	Value	Unit
Drain-source Voltage	$V_{\text{DSS}}$	65	Vdc
Gate-source Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}$	-0.5, 15	Vdc
Total Dissipation at $T_c = 25 \text{ °C}$ :			
AGR18125EU	$P_D$	350	W
AGR18125EF	$P_D$	350	W
Derate Above $25 \text{ °C}$ :			
AGR18125EU	—	2.0	W/°C
AGR18125EF	—	2.0	W/°C
Operating Junction Temperature	$T_J$	200	°C
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{\text{STG}}$	-65, 150	°C

\* Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of the data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods can adversely affect device reliability.

Table 3. ESD Rating\*

AGR18125E	Minimum (V)	Class
HBM	500	1B
MM	50	A
CDM	1500	4

\* Although electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection circuitry has been designed into this device, proper precautions must be taken to avoid exposure to ESD and electrical overstress (EOS) during all handling, assembly, and test operations. PEAK Devices employs a human-body model (HBM), a machine model (MM), and a charged-device model (CDM) qualification requirement in order to determine ESD-susceptibility limits and protection design evaluation. ESD voltage thresholds are dependent on the circuit parameters used in each of the models, as defined by JEDEC's JESD22-A114B (HBM), JESD22-A115A (MM), and JESD22-C101A (CDM) standards.

**Caution:** MOS devices are susceptible to damage from electrostatic charge. Reasonable precautions in handling and packaging MOS devices should be observed.

## Electrical Characteristics

Recommended operating conditions apply unless otherwise specified:  $T_C = 30^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Table 4. dc Characteristics**

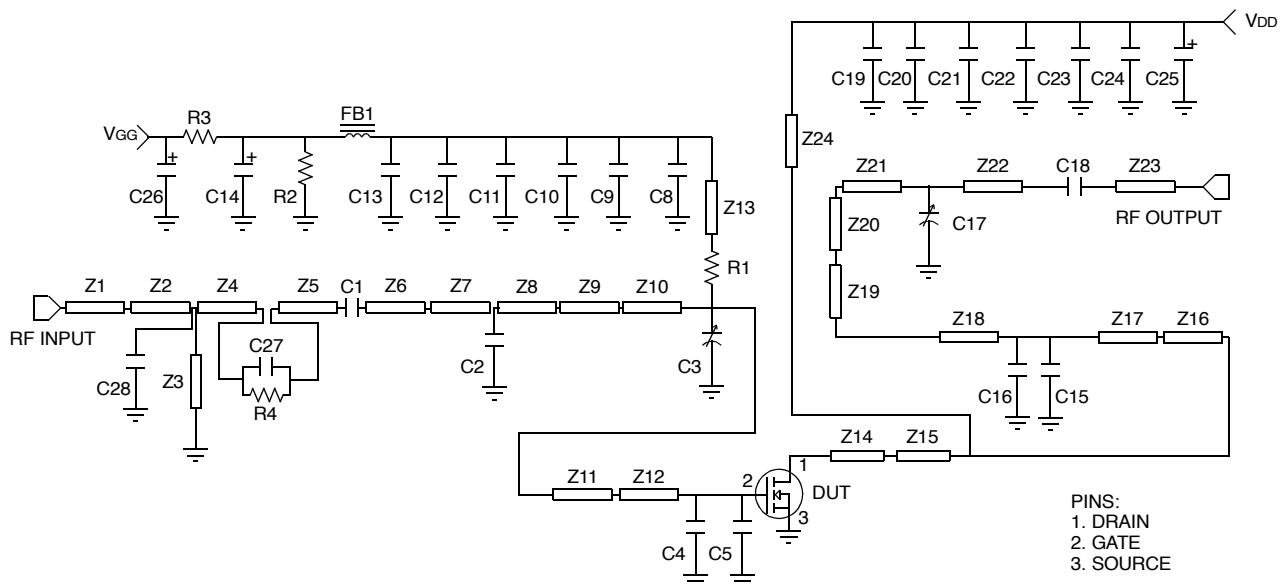
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Off Characteristics</b>					
Drain-source Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GS} = 0$ , $I_D = 400 \mu\text{A}$ )	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	65	—	—	Vdc
Gate-source Leakage Current ( $V_{GS} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ )	$I_{GSS}$	—	—	4	$\mu\text{A}_{dc}$
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ )	$I_{DSS}$	—	—	200	$\mu\text{A}_{dc}$
<b>On Characteristics</b>					
Forward Transconductance ( $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 1 \text{ A}$ )	$G_{FS}$	—	9	—	S
Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 400 \mu\text{A}$ )	$V_{GS(TH)}$	—	—	4.8	Vdc
Gate Quiescent Voltage ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 1200 \text{ mA}$ )	$V_{GS(Q)}$	—	3.8	—	Vdc
Drain-source On-voltage ( $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$ , $I_D = 1 \text{ A}$ )	$V_{DS(ON)}$	—	0.08	—	Vdc

**Table 5. RF Characteristics**

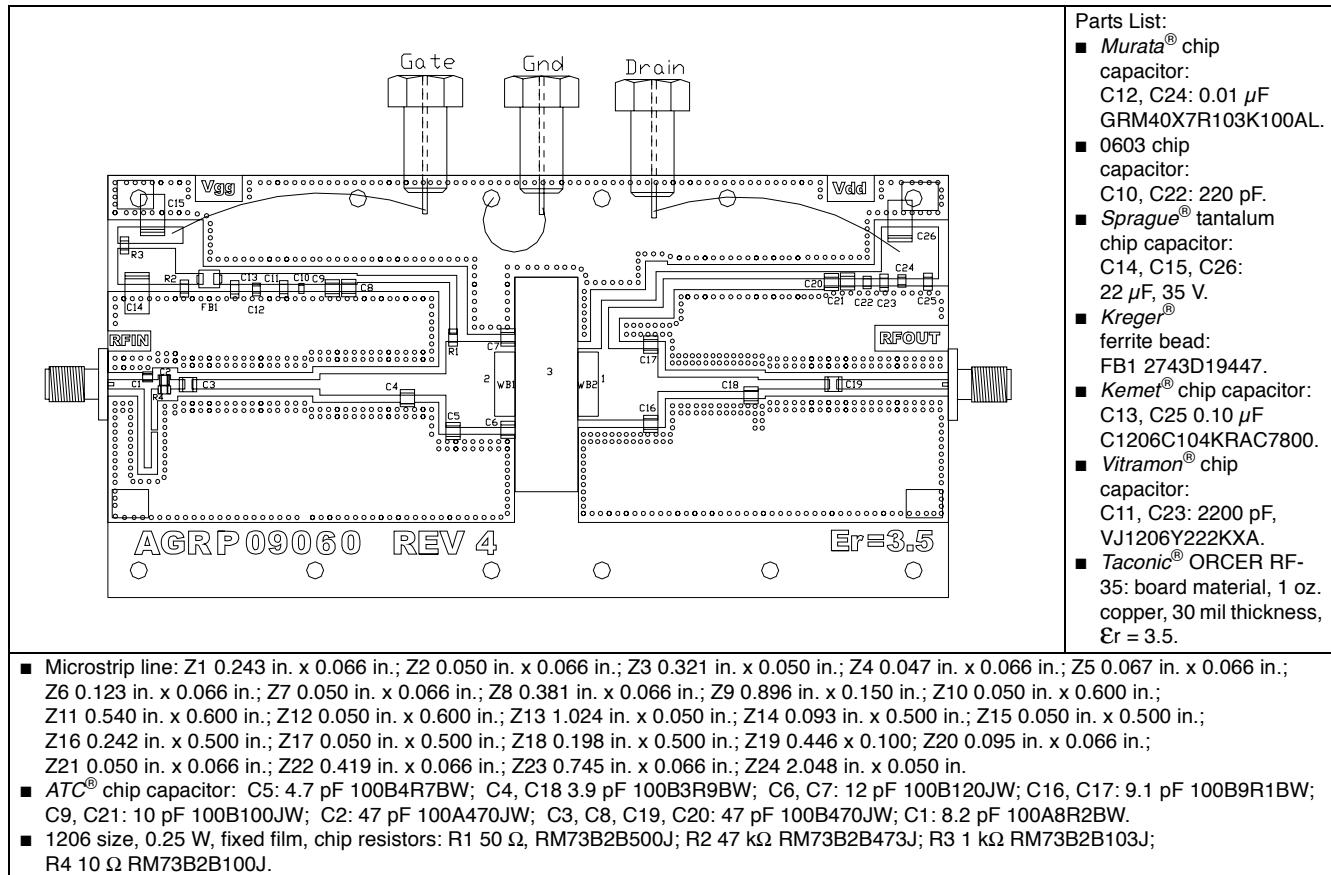
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
<b>Dynamic Characteristics</b>					
Drain-to-gate Capacitance ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{RSS}$	—	3.0	—	pF
Drain-to-source Capacitance ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{OSS}$	—	48	—	pF
<b>Functional Tests* (in Supplied Test Fixture)</b>					
Power Gain ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $P_{OUT} = 125 \text{ W}$ , $I_{DQ} = 1200 \text{ mA}$ )	$GL$	—	13.5	—	dB
Drain Efficiency ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $P_{OUT} = 125 \text{ W}$ , $I_{DQ} = 1200 \text{ mA}$ )	$\eta$	—	50	—	%
EDGE Linearity Characterization ( $P_{OUT} = 50 \text{ W}$ , $f = 1.840 \text{ GHz}$ , $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $I_{DQ} = 1200 \text{ mA}$ )					
Modulation spectrum @ $\pm 400 \text{ kHz}$		—	-60	—	dBc
Modulation spectrum @ $\pm 600 \text{ kHz}$		—	-72	—	dBc
Output Power ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , 1 dB gain compression, $I_{DQ} = 1200 \text{ mA}$ )	$P_{1dB}$	—	125	—	W
Input VSWR	$VSWR_I$	—	—	2:1	
Ruggedness ( $V_{DS} = 26 \text{ V}$ , $P_{OUT} = 30 \text{ W}$ , $I_{DQ} = 1200 \text{ mA}$ , $VSWR = 10:1$ [all angles])	$\psi$	No degradation in output power.			

\* Across full DCS band, 1.805 GHz—1.880 GHz.

## Test Circuit Illustrations for AGR18125E



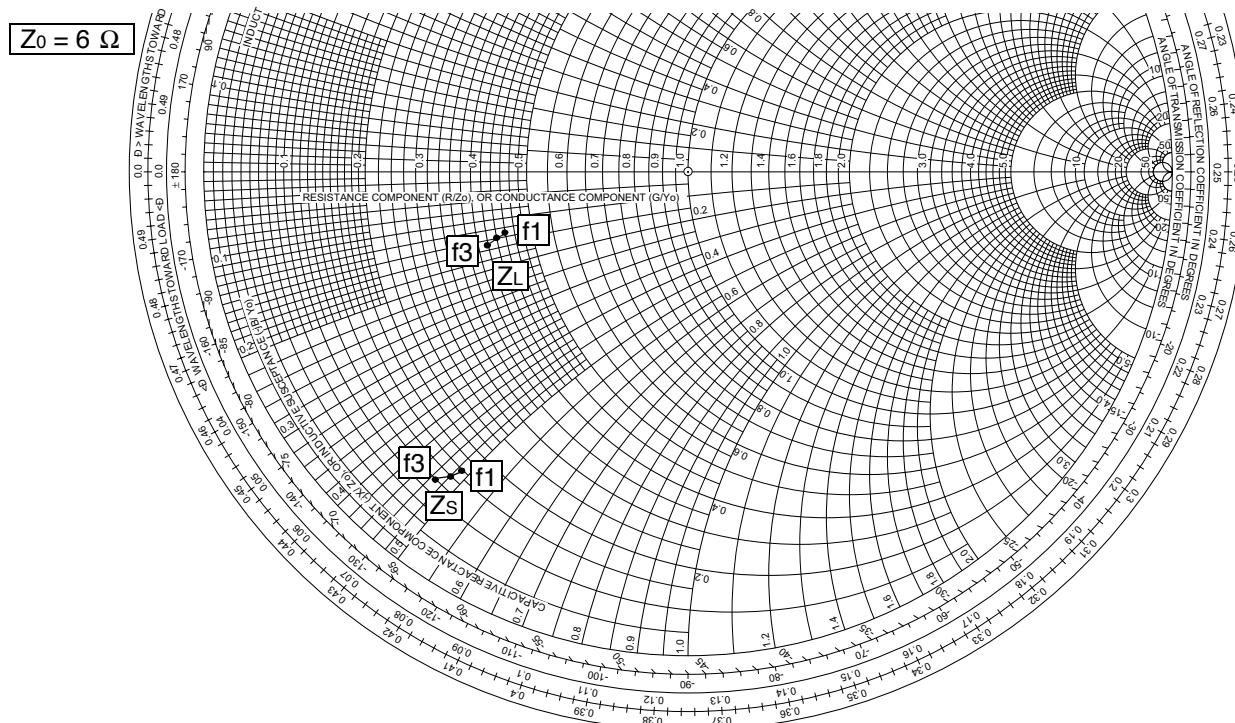
A. Schematic



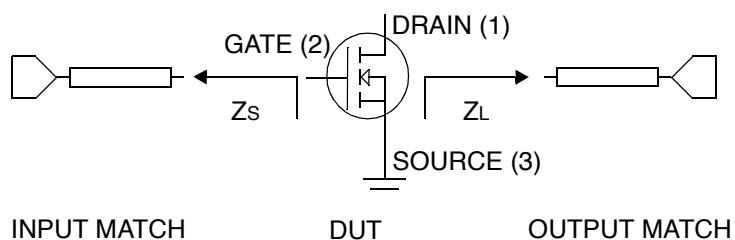
B. Component Layout

Figure 2. AGR18125E Test Circuit

## Typical Performance Characteristics



MHz (f)	$Z_s \Omega$ (Complex Source Impedance)	$Z_L \Omega$ (Complex Optimum Load Impedance)
865 (f1)	$0.980 - j2.93$	$2.54 + j0.868$
880 (f2)	$0.865 - j2.90$	$2.58 + j0.819$
895 (f3)	$0.710 - j2.81$	$2.60 + j0.765$



**Figure 3. Series Equivalent Input and Output Impedances**

**Typical Performance Characteristics** (continued)

**Figure 4. Power Gain vs. P<sub>OUT</sub>**

**Figure 5. Modulation Spectrum vs. P<sub>OUT</sub>**

**Figure 6. Efficiency vs. P<sub>OUT</sub>**

**Figure 7. Modulation Spectrum, Gain, and Efficiency vs. Frequency**

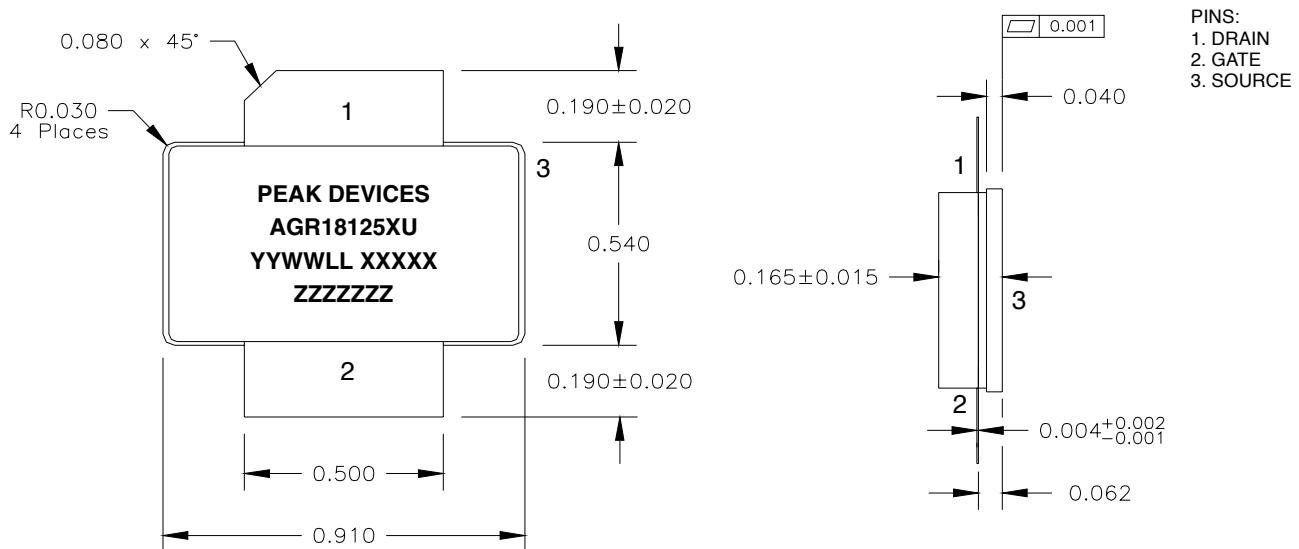
**Figure 8. Power Gain and Return Loss vs. Frequency**

**Figure 9. P<sub>OUT</sub> and Efficiency vs. P<sub>IN</sub>**

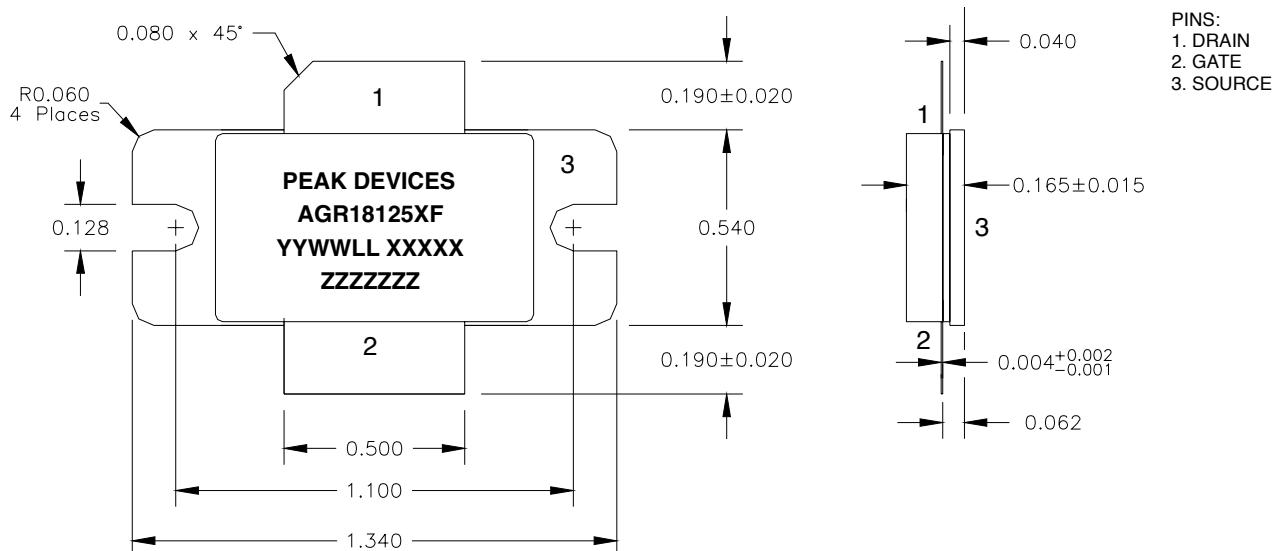
## Package Dimensions

All dimensions are in inches. Tolerances are  $\pm 0.005$  in. unless specified.

### AGR18125EU



### AGR18125EF



#### Label Notes:

- M before the part number denotes model program. X before the part number denotes engineering prototype.
- The last two letters of the part number denote wafer technology and package type.
- YYWWLL is the date code including place of manufacture: year year work week (YYWW), LL = location (AL = Allentown, PA; T = Thailand). XXXXX = five-digit wafer lot number.
- ZZZZZZZZ = seven-digit assembly lot number on production parts.
- ZZZZZZZZZZZZ = 12-digit (five-digit lot, two-digit wafer, and five-digit serial number) on models and engineering prototypes.