



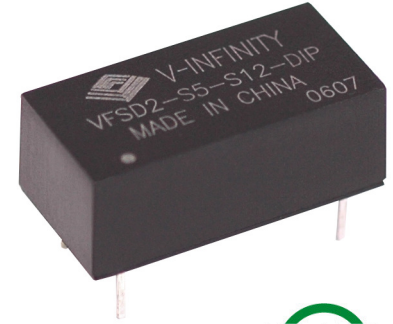
### Description

Designed to convert fixed voltages into an isolated voltage, the VFSD2-DIP series is well suited for providing board-mount local supplies in a wide range of applications, including mixed analog/digital circuits, test & measurement equip., process/machine controls, data-com/telecom fields, etc...

The semi-regulated output can be followed by 3-terminal regulators to provide output protection, in addition to output regulation.

### Features

- Isolated 2 W output
- Temperature range: -40°C~+85°C
- Unregulated
- High efficiency to 81%
- Single voltage output
- Small footprint
- DIP package style
- Industry standard pinout
- UL94-V0 package
- No heatsink required
- 3K Vdc isolation
- Power density 1.42 W/cm<sup>3</sup>
- No external component required
- Low cost



| Model Number      | Input Voltage |               | Output Voltage | Output Current |         | Efficiency | Package Style |
|-------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------|------------|---------------|
|                   | Nominal       | Range         |                | Max.           | Min.    |            |               |
| VFSD2-S5-S5-DIP   | 5 Vdc         | 4.5~5.5 Vdc   | 5 Vdc          | 400 mA         | 40 mA   | 80%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S5-S9-DIP   | 5 Vdc         | 4.5~5.5 Vdc   | 9 Vdc          | 222 mA         | 22.2 mA | 81%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S5-S12-DIP  | 5 Vdc         | 4.5~5.5 Vdc   | 12 Vdc         | 167 mA         | 16.7 mA | 82%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S5-S15-DIP  | 5 Vdc         | 4.5~5.5 Vdc   | 15 Vdc         | 133 mA         | 13.3 mA | 84%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S12-S5-DIP  | 12 Vdc        | 10.8~13.2 Vdc | 5 Vdc          | 400 mA         | 400 mA  | 80%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S12-S9-DIP  | 12 Vdc        | 10.8~13.2 Vdc | 9 Vdc          | 222 mA         | 22.2 mA | 83%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S12-S12-DIP | 12 Vdc        | 10.8~13.2 Vdc | 12 Vdc         | 167 mA         | 16.7 mA | 84%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S12-S15-DIP | 12 Vdc        | 10.8~13.2 Vdc | 15 Vdc         | 133 mA         | 13.3 mA | 85%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S24-S5-DIP  | 24 Vdc        | 21.6~26.4 Vdc | 5 Vdc          | 400 mA         | 40 mA   | 81%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S24-S9-DIP  | 24 Vdc        | 21.6~26.4 Vdc | 9 Vdc          | 222 mA         | 22.2 mA | 84%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S24-S12-DIP | 24 Vdc        | 21.6~26.4 Vdc | 12 Vdc         | 167 mA         | 16.7 mA | 85%        | DIP           |
| VFSD2-S24-S15-DIP | 24 Vdc        | 21.6~26.4 Vdc | 15 Vdc         | 133 mA         | 13.3 mA | 86%        | DIP           |

### Output Specifications

| Item                    | Test conditions              | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Output power            |                              | 0.2  |      | 2    | W     |
| Line Regulation         | For Vin change of 1%         |      |      | 1.2  | %     |
| Load Regulation         | 10% to 100% full load        |      | 10   | 15   | %     |
| Output voltage accuracy | See tolerance envelope graph |      |      |      |       |
| Temperature drift       | 100% load                    |      |      | 0.03 | %/°C  |
| Output ripple           | 20 MHz Bandwidth             |      | 75   | 150  | mVp-p |
| Switching frequency     | Full load, nominal input     |      | 75   | 100  | KHz   |

### General Specifications

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Short circuit protection      | 1 second   |
| Temperature rise at full load | 25°C Max, 15°C Typ.  |
| Cooling                       | Free air convection  |
| Operating temperature range   | -40°C to +85°C   |
| Storage temperature range     | -55°C to +125°C  |
| Soldering temperature         | 300°C (1.5mm from case for 10 sec.)                                  |
| Storage humidity range        | <95%   |
| Case material                 | Plastic (UL94-V0)  |
| Safety                        | approved to UL60950 (E222736)  |
| MTBF                          | >3,500,000 hrs.  |
| Burn-in                       | Full load at +85°C, for 4 hours at no-load and 4 hours at full load. |

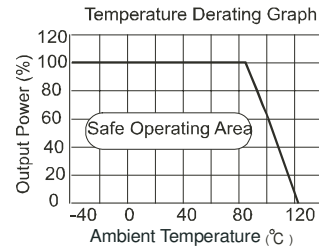
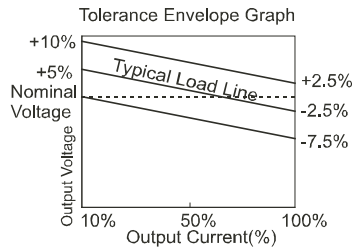
### Isolation Specifications

| Item                  | Test Conditions   | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Isolation Voltage     | Tested for 1 min. | 3000 |      |      | Vdc   |
| Insulation Resistance | Test at 500 Vdc   | 1000 |      |      | MΩ    |

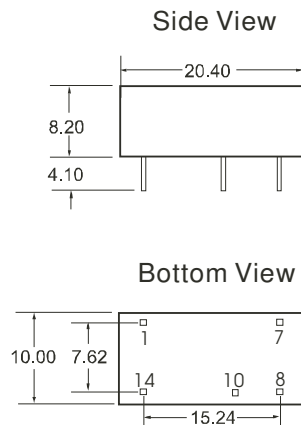
#### Note:

- All specifications measured at TA=25°C, humidity <75%, nominal input voltage and rated output load unless otherwise specified.

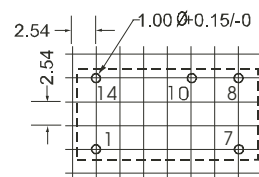
### Typical Characteristics



### Outline Dimensions & Recommended Layout Pattern



| Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|
| 1   | -Vin     |
| 7   | NC       |
| 8   | +Vout    |
| 10  | -Vout    |
| 14  | +Vin     |



Note: All Pins on a 2.54mm pitch; All Pin diameters are 0.50 mm; all dimensions in mm

**Application Notes:**
**- Input filtering**

To reduce the reflected ripple current and minimize EMI, especially when the converter input is more than 2" away from the DC source, it is recommended to connect a low ESR electrolytic capacitor between  $V_{in}$  and Gnd. The values suggested are as shown in Table 1. If additional filtering is required, the capacitance may be increased, or expanded to an LC network as shown in Figure 1.

**Table 1**

| Input Voltage | External Input Capacitance |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| 5 V           | 4.7 $\mu\text{F}$          |
| 12 V          | 2.2 $\mu\text{F}$          |
| 24 V          | 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$          |

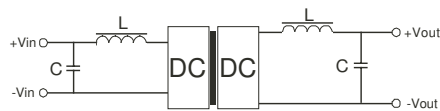
**- Output filtering**

An output capacitor is needed to meet output ripple requirements as shown in Table 2.

Output capacitance may be increased for additional filtering, but should not exceed 10 $\mu\text{F}$  or expanded to an LC network as in Figure 1.

**Table 2**

| $V_{out}$ | External Output Capacitance |
|-----------|-----------------------------|
| 5 V       | 4.7 $\mu\text{F}$           |
| 9 V       | 2.2 $\mu\text{F}$           |
| 12 V      | 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$           |
| 15 V      | 0.47 $\mu\text{F}$          |



&lt;Figure 1&gt;

**- Minimum loading**

The converter needs a minimum of 10% loading to maintain output regulation. Operation under no-load conditions will not cause immediate damages but may reduce reliability, and cause performance not to meet specifications.

**- Regulation**

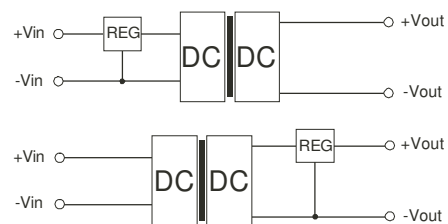
With a semi-regulated design, the converter's output voltage varies with load current and will change proportionally to the input voltage. If regulated output is needed, an external regulator can be used as shown in Figure 2.

**- Protection**

The converter has minimal protection against input over-voltage or output over-load, and may be permanently damaged if exposed to these conditions. An input clamping device can be used for input voltage limiting. An input fuse or an output fuse can also be used to protect against over-loading.

**- External Regulator**

An external 3-terminal regulator can be connected to the output of the converter to achieve full regulation. Make sure the converter's output voltage provides sufficient head room for the regulator. An additional benefit is that the built-in protection features in the regulator, such as OCP, OTP, etc, will protect the converter also. In a complimentary supply, a negative output regulator must be used to achieve the negative regulated output.



&lt;Figure 2&gt;