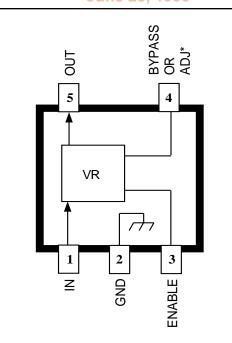
8405

PRELIMINARY INFORMATION (subject to change without notice) June 25, 1999



Dwg. PS-021-6

*BYPASS (fixed regulators) or ADJUST (A8405SLH-ADJ only).

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Input Voltage, V ₁ 7 V
Peak Output Current,
l _{OM} 200 mA*
Enable Input Voltage, V _E V _I
Operating Temperature Range,
T _A 20°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature, T ₁ +150°C
Storage Temperature Range,
T -40°C to +150°C

* Output current rating is limited by input voltage, duty cycle, and ambient temperature. Under any set of conditions, do not exceed a junction temperature of +150°C. See following pages.

LOW-DROPOUT REGULATORS — HIGH EFFICIENCY

Designed specifically to meet the requirement for extended operation of battery-powered equipment such as cordless and cellular telephones, the A8405SLH voltage regulators offer the reduced dropout voltage and quiescent current essential for maximum battery life. Applicable also to palmtop computers and personal data assistants, these devices deliver a regulated output at up to 200 mA (transient), which is internally limited, providing short-circuit protection. Regulated output voltages of 2.7, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3, 3.6, 4.0, and 5.0 V are currently provided. Other voltages, down to 2.0 volts, are available on special order.

A PMOS pass element provides a typical dropout voltage of only 100 mV at 100 mA of load current. The low dropout voltage permits deeper battery discharge before output regulation is lost. Quiescent current does not increase significantly as the dropout voltage is approached, an ideal feature in standby/resume power systems where data integrity is crucial. Regulator accuracy and excellent temperature characteristics are provided by a bandgap reference. The A8405SLH includes an ENABLE input to give the designer complete control over power up, standby, or power down.

These devices are supplied in a thermally enhanced 5-lead small-outline plastic package similar to the SOT-23, and fitting the SC-74A footprint. All devices are rated for operation over a temperature range of -20° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C.

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

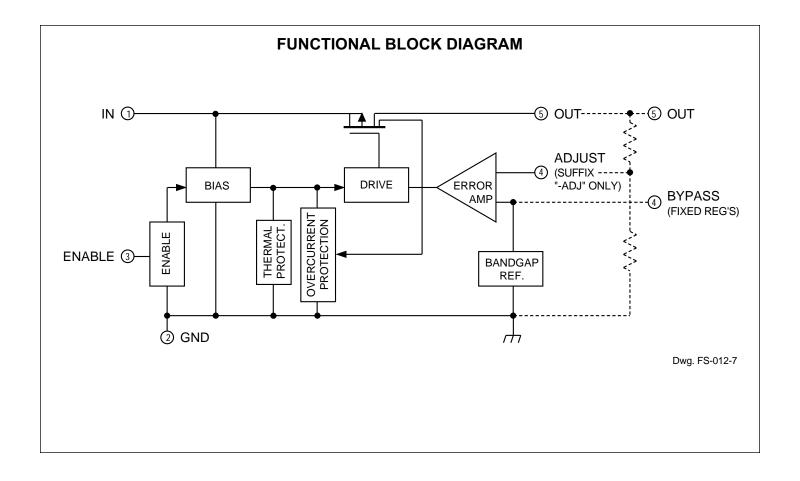
- High Efficiency Provides Extended Battery Life
- 100 mV Typical Dropout Voltage at $I_0 = 100 \text{ mA}$
- 80 µA Typical Quiescent Current
- Low Output Noise
- 200 mA Current-Limited Output
- Improved PSRR and Transient Performance

APPLICATIONS

- Cordless/Cellular/GSM/PHS Telephones
- Personal Data Assistants
- Personal Communicators
- Palmtop Computers
- **■** GPS
- Pagers

Always order by complete part number, e.g., **A8405SLH-xx**, where "xx" is the required output voltage in tenths or "ADJ" for adjustable.





A8405SLH Maximum Allowable Average Output Current* with device mounted on 2.24" x 2.24" (56.9 mm x 56.9 mm) solder-coated copper-clad board in still air.

	Allowable Total Average (10 ms) Output Current in Milliamperes with T _J = 150°C, Duty Cycle = 100%											
	V _I - V _O											
T_A	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0*	4.5*			
25°C	200	200	200	200	200	189	162	142	126			
50°C	200	200	200	200	182	152	130	114	101			
70°C	200	200	200	182	145	121	104	91	81			
85°C	200	200	197	148	118	98	84	74	66			

^{*}Absolute maximum peak output current rating is 200 mA; absolute maximum input voltage is 7 V.

Output current rating can be increased (to 200 mA maximum) by additional heat sinking or reducing the duty cycle.



 $⁺ I_O = (T_J - T_A)/([V_I - V_O] R_{\theta JA} \times dc) = (150 - T_A)/([V_I - V_O] \times 220 \times 1.00)$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS at $T_A = +25$ °C, $V_E \ge 2.0$ V, $C_{BYPASS} = TBD$ (unless otherwise noted).

			Limits			
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	Vo	$V_{I} \ge V_{O(nom)} + 1 V, 1 mA \le I_{O} \le 150 mA^{*}$	_	±0.5	_	%
(reference specified $V_{O(nom)}$)		$V_I \ge V_{O(nom)}$ + 1 V, 1 mA $\le I_O \le$ 150 mA*, over operating temperature range	_		±2.0	%
		$V_I = V_{O(nom)}$, $I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$	_		-0.25	V
Output Volt. Temp. Coeff.	a _{VO}	$V_{I} = 6 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 10 \text{ mA}, T_{J} \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	_	TBD		mV/°C
Output Short-Circuit Current	I _{OM}		200	_	_	mA
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(\Delta VI)}$	at $V_I = V_{O(nom)} + 1 V$, $I_O = 3 \text{ mA}$ and $V_I = 7 V$, $I_O = 3 \text{ mA}$	_	1.0	2.0	mV
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{O(\Delta IO)}$	at $V_I = V_{O(nom)} + 1 V$, $I_O = 1 mA$ and $V_I = V_{O(nom)} + 1 V$, $I_O = 150 mA^*$	_	2.0	_	mV
		at $V_1 = 7 \text{ V}, I_0 = 1 \text{ mA}$ and $V_1 = 7 \text{ V}, I_0 = 150 \text{ mA*}$	_	2.0	_	mV
Dropout Voltage	V _I min - V _O	I _O = 100 mA	_	100	_	mV
Ground Terminal Current	I _{GND}	$V_I = V_{O(nom)} + 1 V$, $I_O = 1 mA$	_	80	100	μΑ
		$V_{I} = V_{O(nom)} + 1 V, I_{O} = 150 \text{ mA*}$	_	80	100	μΑ
		$V_1 = 7 \text{ V}, I_0 = 1 \text{ mA}$	_	80	100	μΑ
		V _I = 7 V, I _O = 150 mA*	_	80	100	μΑ
	I _Q	$V_{I} \le 7 \text{ V}, V_{E} \le 0.8 \text{ V}, I_{O} = 0 \text{ mA}$	_	_	1.0	μΑ
ENABLE Input Voltage	V _{EH}	$V_I \ge V_{O(nom)} + 1 V$, Output ON	2.0	_	_	V
	V _{EL}	$V_I \ge V_{O(nom)} + 1 V$, Output OFF	_	_	0.4	V
ENABLE Input Current	I _E	$V_E = V_I = 7 V$	_	_	±1.0	μΑ
Internal Reference Voltage	V_{REF}		_	1.26	_	V
ADJUST Input Current	l _{ADJ}	A8405SLH-ADJ only	_	0.10	_	μΑ
Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{I} = V_{O(nom)} + 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{i} = 100 \text{ mV},$ $I_{O} = 30 \text{ mA}, f = 60 \text{ Hz}$	_	70	_	dB
Output Noise	e _n	10 Hz \leq f \leq 100 kHz, I _O = 10 mA, C _O = 10 μ F	_	0.2	_	μV/√Hz
Thermal Shutdown	T _J		_	170	_	°C

Typical values are at T_A = +25°C and are given for circuit design information only.

^{*} Pulse test (≤20 ms). See previous page for duty cycle limitations.

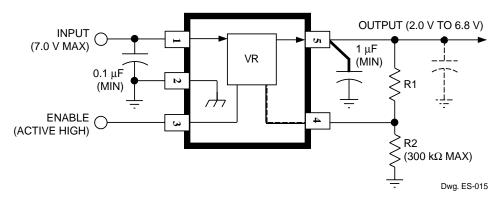
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Linear regulators require input and output capacitors in order to maintain over-all loop stability. The recommended minimum value for the input capacitor is 0.1 μF . The output capacitor is the dominant pole that provides the high-frequency compensation required for over-all regulator loop stability. These devices are stable with as little as 1 μF . However, to ensure stable operation under all conditions and capacitor types, the recommended minimum value is 4.7 μF . The output capacitor may be partially distributed through the load circuits. However, at least 1 μF should be connected at the regulator using the shortest and widest foil pattern possible.

The A8405SLH-ADJ requires an external voltage divider to set up the desired regulated output voltage between 2.0 V and 6.8 V ($V_I \le 7$ V). The two resistors are chosen such that

$$V_0 = 1.26 (R1 + R2)/R2.$$

The resistor values are usually as high as possible to maintain high circuit efficiency, but R2 should be less than 300 k Ω .



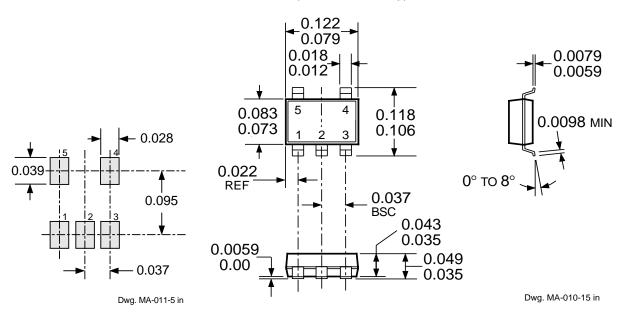
Thermal Considerations

These devices are intended to provide more than 150 mA of continuous current in a very small package. The table on page 2 of this data sheet gives the maximum allowable average output current for a worst-case printed circuit design ($R_{\theta JA} = 220^{\circ} C/W$ with a minimum footprint). Performance improvement is easily accomplished with the addition of 1 square inch of copper at terminal 2 ($R_{\theta JA} = 170^{\circ} C/W$).



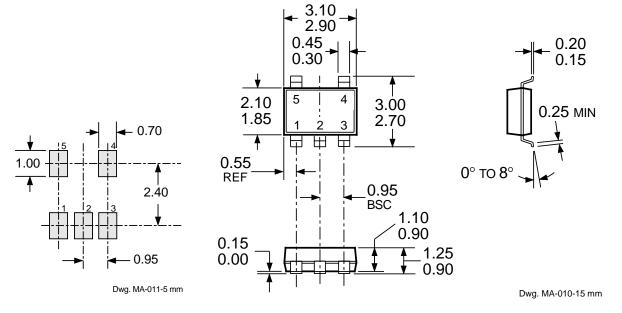
Dimensions in Inches

(for reference only)



Dimensions in Millimeters

(controlling dimensions)



NOTES: 1. Tolerances on package height and width represent allowable mold offsets.

Dimensions given are measured at the widest point (parting line).

- 2. Exact body and lead configuration at vendor's option within limits shown.
- 3. Height does not include mold gate flash.
- 4. Where no tolerance is specified, dimension is nominal.

8405 LOW-DROPOUT REGULATORS

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